THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

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EMPEROR NICHOLAS

Receives Telegram at Peterhof Which Contains Alarming News.

Russian Armies Retreating.

Terrible Heat Causing Many Sunstrokes In Both Lines. First Russian Report Concerning Storming of Port Arthur Records Heavy Japaneese Losses.

Rome, Aug. 3.—The Giornale D'Italia today published in an extra edition a despatch from Tokio, announcing that the Japanese armored cruiser Kasuga, formerly the Argentine warship Rivadavia, has been sunk. The announcement caused a great sensation here.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—General Kuropatkin's armies are now retreating upon Liao Yang, falling back respectively upon Anshanshan, Liandianian and An Ping, as predicted in the despatches of the Associated Press. These three points form a ring of closely-knit defenses around Liao Yang and enable General Kuropatkin to risk a general engagement.

The only cause for anxiety is An Ping and General Kuropatkin's words that he hoped the troops would hold that place indicate a misgiving.

The Japanese evidently realized the advantage of attacking this point and directed their strongest advance along the Saisatzi-Liao Yang line.

A brief telegram from General Kuropatkin received this morning reports the evacuation of Hai Cheng and declares the Japanese did not continue the attack toward Liao Yang, August 2nd, adding that they evidently were unable to follow up their advantage of the previous day owing to the stubborn resistance on the Russians coupled with the tropical heat.

The general says the soldiers threw away their overcoats and equipments and everything possible was done to relieve them but nevertheless there were a great number of deaths from sunstroke.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—In a despatch to the Emperor, dated August 2nd., General Kuropatkin says: "Our troops have retired from Hai Cheng along the road toward Anshanshan. The movement was accomplished in perfect order and the enemy did not disturb us. The terrible heat has caused many sunstrokes and measures have been taken to diminish the equipment the troops have hitherto been obliged to carry by transporting it in supply trains. There is no serious news from the front.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—The correspondent of the Associated Press hears that Emperor Nicholas has just received a telegram at Peterhof containing alarming news.

It is also reported that Viceroy Alexieff who had gone to Harbin on his way to Vladivostok, returned to Liao Yang yesterday and conferred with General Kuropatkin regarding the situation.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED

Russians Were Left on the Field as Result of Sunday's Fight.

Tokio, Aug. 3.—10 a. m.—The Japanese defeated the Russians at Tomu Cheng (Simoucheng) and drove them toward Hai Cheng in a sharp fight which began last Saturday and ended on Sunday. The Russians left 1,500 dead on the field and lost six guns. The Russians occupied a range of high hills north of Simou Cheng, which were strongly defended with covered trenches, fortress and covered emplacements, which consumed months in constructing. The Japanese seized a range of heights to the southward on Saturday. They began the attack at daylight on Sunday. The Japanese left wing encountered severe opposition. The Russians were gradually reenforced and their artillery was increased to twenty-one guns. The Japanese who were also reenforced, renewed the attack at 3 o'clock in the afternoon and drove the Russians northward. The Japanese right, exposed to a severe artillery fire, was forced to halt. The Russians who were reenforced, assumed the offensive at 5:30 o'clock in the evening but were repulsed with a heavy loss. The Russian artillery prevented the Japanese from pursuing and during the night the Russians withdrew to ward Hai Cheng. The Japanese casualties were about 400.

General Kuroki has telegraphed that in two days fighting at Yangtsuling and Yushulintzu, his losses were six officers killed, sixteen officers wounded and nine hundred and fifty men killed and wounded.

FIRST.

Russian Report of the Storming Operations About Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—The first Russian report of the storming operations at Port Arthur has just been received from the consul of Russia at Che Foo, dated today. It says a general attack began Saturday with the Japanese in immense forces. There were two days of a bombardment of unprecedented violence. The Japanese, at the time of sending this despatch, the consul adds, had every where been repulsed with great loss. The Japanese casualties possibly reached 20,000 but the Russian losses were insignificant. The consul further reports that the Russians have an abundance of ammunition. The despatch does not mention naval operations but it is here considered possible that the Russian warships participated in shelling the besiegers from the sea.

The exact date of the events reported in this telegram is not clear, as method of transmission is not disclosed. It is possible that it was by a wireless message reporting events which have occurred since last Saturday. On the other hand, the message may have gone by junk to Che Foo, in which case it refers to events of a week ago and practically covers the reports mentioned in the Associated Press despatches from Che Foo. In either case the reports have been received with considerable exultation after the pessimistic rumors spread about from foreign sources last week. It seems apparent that the Japanese advance against General Kuropatkin was timed to occur simultaneously with the assault upon Port Arthur.

Has Made No Protest.

St Petersburg, Aug. 3.—Russia has not received any other protest from Great Britain for including food stuffs in the list of contraband of war. The statement of the British Under Foreign Secretary Kearl Pearcy, in the house of commons, Monday that Foreign Secretary Lansdowne had instructed Sir Charles Harding, the British Ambassador, to protest to Russia against the inclusion of food stuffs in the list of articles in the declared contraband probably referred to the protest presented by the ambassador a month ago. The Russian government has not yet made any further reply in the case of the British steamer Knight Commander, but it is expected that a reply will shortly be made, as the Vladivostok squadron is now back in port.

All precedents bearing on the destruction of neutral vessels, carrying contraband when it is impossible to have them taken before a prize court are being examined. It is believed that Great Britain is insisting on assurances that there will be no repetition of such incidents in advance of the judicial determination, and that if this is not obtainable to her satisfaction that it is her intention to offer or refer the case the the Hague arbitration tribunal.

Investigating Seizures.

Washington, Aug. 3.—The state department is in telegraphic communication with the agents abroad respecting the Russian seizures and destruction of American goods but it is not ready to define precisely its position on the subject of seizures.

PARTIAL

Concession Made to Great Britain in Dardanelles Question.

London, Aug. 3.—In order to avoid complications which might have the effect of expediting the arrival of war, Russia has made a partial concession to Great Britain in connection with the Dardenelles question. Replying to British representations regarding the closure of the Dardenells to vessels of volunteer fleet intended for warlike uses, as well as warships, Count Beckendorff, the Russian ambassador to Great Britain, it is learned, has advised Foreign Secretary Lansdowne that his government consents to waive the right to send ships through the straits during the present war, but at the same time Russia makes no concession in relation to the general principle involved and reserves to herself the right to take such action as she deems proper when the war with Japan terminates. The British government would like a complete settlement of the principle, but Russia does not propose to negotiate on the subject, if possible, while the war is in progress.

Preliminary communication from Count Benkendorff to the effect that Russia will make a response to the British protests against the sinking of the British steamer, Knight Commander, by the Vladivostok squadron when the report of Admiral Jessen reaches St. Petersburg. The foreign office has received nothing on the subject

FAVOR

Fusion With Populist Party.

Politics In

Kansas Is Taking on Double Complexion.

Faction of Populist Party Opposes Uniting Under a Democratic Name.

To Please Both, a Ticket Called the Union May Grace the Grasshopper State on the Official Ballot.

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 3.—The democrats of Kansas meet here today to name a state ticket. E. T. Hackney of Wellington, was temporary chairman. Among the prominent democrats present were former Governor Glick and former United States Senator Harris. A majority of the delegates favor fusion with the populist party, whose state convention also met here today, and the appointment of a conference committee was among the first acts of the convention.

Populists Divided.

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 3.—The populist state convention which adjourned last April to await the gathering of the democrats hoping for a fusion, was called to order here today by Major A. M. Harvey, the state chairman with less than 200 delegates present out of 800 allowed in the call. The anti-democratic element among the populist held a caucus at which speeches were made against fusion under a democratic name and finally a resolution was adopted in favor of having a committee appointed to confer with the democrats. The democrats were asked to join in a joint ticket to be placed under the people's party head. If they cannot agree on this, the populists may agree to an independent ticket to be placed under the head "Union."

CROSS BILL HAS BEEN FILED.

Penna Asks Perpetual Injunction Restraining Western Union From Using Right of Way.

Pittsburg, Aug. 3.—The cross bill to the suit against the Western Union telegraph company has been filed in the United States circuit court by the Pennsylvania company. The bill asks the court for a perpetuating injunction against the defendant company to restrain it from using any portion of the telegraph lines along the line of the Cleveland and Ohio road, claiming the defendant company has no right to the use of the poles or wires, as agreements and contracts made between the companies are now void. A partition of the property or the sale of the telegraph lines is also asked.

SITUATION CALMER.

Port Au Prince, Hayti, Aug. 3.—The situation here is calmer today, but the population is still excited and all the Syrian stores closed, their proprietors not daring to open them owing to fear of the rioters, soldiers and populace.

WITH

That Old Time Courage

Which Lighted

The Flame of Battle During

Time of Tilden and Hendricks, Indiana Democrats Are Aroused to Victory.

No Hoosier Will Allow His Blade to Rust in the Coming Contest—Kern Named for Governor.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 3.—The second session of the democratic state convention met today to adopt a platform and nominate a state ticket. Alonzo G. Smith, of Indianapolis, who presided at the first session continued as chairman. The same delegates were present that composed the first session, May 12th, when delegates to the national convention and convention committees were selected. Mr. Smith in calling the convention to order, said:

Mr. Smith said: "Less than three months ago, you met here to select delegates to represent Indiana in the national convention at St. Louis. In the conclusion then reached you made no mistake and as proof of this fact, it is sufficient to point out that your work received the approval of the democratic party of the nation assembled in the grandest convention known to the American people. It was before this assemblage of American freemen that the recommendation of this convention was pledged and in obedience to your wishes, Alton B. Parker was nominated as the democratic candidate for president of the United States, and Tom Taggart was selected to lead our forces to victory. This is a high encomium to the democracy of Indiana, and is proof that you are worthy of such confidence. No Indiana democrat will allow his blade to rust in this contest. With a united party the democracy of this nation has had a new birth, and with that old time courage and patriotism that lights the flame of battle in the time of Tilden and Hendricks, we swear anew our devotion to the principles of democracy and denounce as poisonous to the republic that doctrine which fosters any form of government which does not rest upon the consent of the governed, and which does not recognize all its people under its jurisdiction. Such a system of government can only be based upon class distinction and special privilege, and is maintained for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many; and against the perpetuity of such a political dynasty the power of the democratic party is pledged.

We stand for the constitution and adhere to the limitation of power fixed in that instrument. The right to the writ of habeas corpus and to the trial by jury and the equal protection of the laws cannot be suspended, enlarged or denied by the power of the state or nation.

Convention Hall, 2 p. m.

John W. Kern, of Indianapolis, was unanimously nominated for governr.

The platform offered by the resolutions committee was adopted unanimously. It heartily endorses the St. Louis platform and gives a pledge that the democrats f no other state shall surpass Indiana in their loyalty and hearty support of the national ticket. The remainder of the platform was devoted to state issues.

WANT GROVER IN THE WEST

Illinois Democrats Ask Him to Stump the State for Judge Parker.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—An invitation was forwardedtoday by western democratic leaders to ex-President Grover Cleveland, to take the stump for Judge Parker, in Illinois. It is understood that Mr. Cleveland will take the matter under consideration in conference with Judge Parker at an early date.

This action of the western managers is in accordance with a general plan of campaign decided upon by them, and while national chairman Tuggart has not publically made any statement on the subject it is understood and the move has his approval, and that Mr. Cleveland, in the event of coming to Chicago, will also speak in Indiana.

CABLE CONNECTION CUT OFF.

New York, Aug. 3.—The Commercial Cable Company has been advised of the interruption of the cable between Malta and Tripoli, cutting off telegraphic communication with the latter place.

WALDECK'S CONDITION BAD.

Paris, Aug. 3.—The condition of former Premier Waldeck-Rouseau causes serious anxiety. It is feared that the operation for stomach trouble of four months back has not resulted in a permanent cure.

SUGAR GETS TILT.

New York, Aug. 3.—All grades of refined sugar were advanced ten cents per hundred pounds today.

CHAIRMAN SHEEHAN.

Indianapolis, Aug. 3.—Thomas Taggart, chairman of the national committee, authorized the announcement today that William F. Sheehan, of New York will be chairman of the national executive committee. He said it was not certain whether he will be able to announce the other members of the committee today.

FIRM

Stand Is Taken By Parker.

Whatever He

Decides to Do About Resigning

His Judicial Position Will Be Done Without Advising With Anybody.

His Decision Will Be Announced From Rosemount, and Any Gossip on Subject From Other Sources Unauthorized.

Esopus, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Wall, of Wisconsin, reached Rosemount today, remained to luncheon and spent the afternoon with Judge Parker and his family. Mr. Wall, who was Wisconsin's favorite son for the presidency, and his wife are en route to Europe.

Whether Judge Parker resigns his position of chief justice of the court of appeals before or after August 8th, his decision will not be influenced by practical politicians interested in his campaign for the presidency. In a manner so emphatic as to leave no doubt of his displeasure at the speculation published in relation to his approaching withdrawal from judicial duties, Judge Parker said today that he would determine what his action will be without assistance or advice from anybody, unless it is from his associates on the bench. When Judge Parker resigns, the announcement will be made at Rosemount. He has declared positively that any gossip on this subject coming from any other source is unauthorized and merely speculative.

Judge Parker believes that two dominant parties should offer the best material they have for nominations to all judicial positions, and that voters should be moved by the fitness of candidates rather than by party preferences. Not only does he hold this view concerning judicial positions but he believes the same qualifications should be possessed by appointees to important commissions where the officials are entrusted with authority to construe the laws.

DEMOCRATS OF MICHIGAN

Will Place Stearns, Who Deserts Republican Party, at Head of Ticket.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Aug. 3.—When the democratic state convention was called to order at noon here today, indications were that Justice S. Stearns, of Ludington, twice a prominent candidate for nomination for governor in this state on the republican ticket would head the democratic platform, declaring primary reform and the direct nomination of candidates to be the most important issue in the coming state campaign and pledging the party to this end.

In the early hours of the morning Mr. Stearns declared he would not only accept the nomination by the democrats but would also support democratic national ticket. This had the effect of removing much of the opposition to his nomination.

SURPRISE PARTY FOR

Senator Fairbanks Took Place This Afternoon as Scheduled.

During Festivities Root Told

Distinguished Indianian That a Republican Convention Held In Chicago Had Nominated Him for Vice-President Because of His Age and Other Things.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 3.—Chas. Fairbanks, senator from Indiana, was today formally notified of his nomination for vice president of the United States by the republican national convention.

His notification was read by Elihu Rott, former secretary of war. The ceremonies were held on the wide veranda of Senator Fairbank's beautiful home in the presence of the members of the notification committee consisting of one member from each state and territory, the governor and state officers of Indiana, the republican candidates for state office, the Indiana republican congressional delegation, Indiana delegates and alternates to national convention, state central and the republican editorial association.

On the lawn surrounding three sides of the residence and extending far on both sides beneath big trees where several thousand friends, neighbors and political supporters of the Indiana senator. Massed in a body were one thousand members of the Marion club, who had acted as escort for the distinguished visitors. The house was elaborately decorated and on one side of the lawn two large tents were topped by waving banners. The day was one of the most beautiful of the year, and as Senator Fairbanks stood on the veranda watching the finishing touches being put to the preliminary arrangements, he smilingly: "This is the kind we used to call McKinley weather."

The program was similar to that arranged at Canton by former President McKinley on the occasion of his official notification.

The specially invited guests were served with luncheon in large tents on the lawn and the general public was served with light refreshments in the house. A photograph of the candidate and committee was taken from the steps of the veranda.

The members of the notification committee began arriving on early trains.

Ex-Secretary Root took breakfast at the Columbia club and after receiving many callers and being given an informal reception, joined the other members of the committee at the English Hotel. Shortly after noon, the journey of one and one half miles north beneath the overlapping trees began. One thousand of the Marion club acted as escort. In the first carriage rode Mr. Root and Governor Durbin. The notification committee and other special guests followed in carriages. Several thousand persons along the line of march set up frequent cheers as the procession moved along.

At the residence were gathered five thousand people. An enthusiastic greeting was accorded the two speakers as they approached the veranda. The demonstration lasted for several minutes during which the members of the committee were seated. Cheers broke out again and again and several recognitions were necessary before quiet was restored.

Mr. Root without preliminary addressed himself to the formal declaration. He said.:

Senator Fairbanks: The committee which now waits upon you was appointed by the national convention of the republican party held at Chicago in June, and its agreeable duty is to notify you of your nomination as the republican candidate for the office of vice president of the United States for the term to begin on the 4th day of March, 1905.

We give you formal notice of that nomination with assurance of the undivided and hearty support of the great party which has executed the people's will in the government of this country for the better part of the last half century. The nomination comes to you in accordance with the best methods and practices of representative government. It was the result of long and earnest consideration and discussion by the members of the convention. It was not the chance product of an excited hour, and it was not upon the demand of any powerful influence—political or otherwise—constraining the judgment of the delegates. It was not made for the purpose of conciliating possible malcontents, or of swelling the campaign fund of the party. No bargains or intrigues contributed to it. No suppressions of the truth or misleading of the convention as to your principles and opinions were necessary to bring it about. It was the deliberate, informed and intelligent judgment of the delegates from every state and territory, and it was their unanimous judgment.

It is a great office to which you are called. John Adams, and Thomas Jefferson, and George Clinton, and John C. Calhoun, and Martin Van Buren, and many others whose names are illustrious in the history of our country, have filled it. It is an office of high dignity and immediate, ever present importance. The credit and honor of our country are greatly concerned in the character and conduct of the man who presides over the senate of the United States—that powerful and august body, of which you are already so experienced, so useful and so honored a member.

But the vice president has other grave duties of imperative obligation. When the people elect a president under our political system, they do not merely select the man for the office; they give their approval to certain controlling principles and policies of government; and the administration of which the vice president is a part is bound to give effect to these principles and policies. The primary duty of the vice president to be always ready to take up the burden of the presidency if occasion requires, carries with it the duty to be always ready to continue unbroken the policies which the people have entrusted to the administration for execution. For the due performance of this duty the vice president should be familiar with the conduct of affairs by the administration as it proceeds, a part of its counsels, and imbued with a knowledge of its labors, its perplexities and its motives, that can come only from intimate association and confidence and sympathy. Too often it has happened that after excited contests for the presidential nomination the candidate for vice president has been selected from the defeated faction for the purpose of appeasing their resentment, and that after election he has remained antagonistic in spirit, and a stranger to the counsels of the president whom he may be called upon to succeed. Happily we are now in no such case. The people would fain see again such relations of sympathy and loyal helpfulness for the public good, as existed between President McKinley and Vice-President Hobart; and the personal relations between President Roosevelt and yourself, your mutual esteem and good understanding assure us that these happy conditions will come again after the fourth of next March. We count upon your wisdom and experience and loyal aid as an element of ever present strength in the coming administration.

As to the supreme responsibility of the vice-presidency in case of succession to the presidency, we shall all pray, and no one more earnestly than yourself that it may not come to you. But we are not at liberty to ignore the possibility that it may come. Sad and bitter experience admonishes us that provision for succession to the presidency is no idle form. Of the last twelve presidents elected by the people of the United States, five—nearly one-half—have died in office and have been succeeded by vice presidents. A serious obligation rests upon the political parties which select the candidates between whom the people must choose, to see to it that they nominate men for this possible succession who have the strength of body and mind and character which shall enable them, if occasion comes, to take up the burdens of the great presidential office, to endure its trying and exhausting demands, to meet its great responsibilities, and with firm hand and clear vision to guide the government of the country until the people can express their choice again.

Our opponents of the democratic party have signally failed to perform this duty. They have nominated as their candidate for the vice-presidency an excellent gentleman, who was born during the presidency of James Monroe, and who before the 4th of March next will be in the eighty-second year of his age. Before the next administration is ended, he will be approaching his eighty-sixth birthday. It is no disparagement of this gentleman, for whom I believe we all have the highest respect, to say that he shares the common lot of mortals, and that the election of any man of such great age would furnish no safe-guard to the American people against the disaster which would ensue upon the death of a president with a successor not competent to perform the duties of the presidential office. It is common experience that very aged men, however bright and active they may appear for brief periods, cannot sustain long con-

Continued on page six.

TAKES

Issue With Proposed Changes

In High School.

Architect Packard Reports to Board

And Does Not See the Necessity of Overhauling the New Boilers.

Congratulates the Board on the Progress and Excellent Work Being Done by Mowen Bros. on the New Structure.

A special meeting of the board of education was called yesterday evening for the purpose of taking action on a letter from Architect Packard, of Columbus, which covers all of the proposed changes in the new high school. The board has been divided on several of the propositions and Mr. Packard sent his engineer to Lima for the purpose of making a careful inspection. Following the engineer's report, Mr. Packard discusses the questions in his letter, which was read as follows:

Columbus, O., July 30, 1904.

The Honorable Board of Education, Lima Ohio.

Gentlemen:—On the 29th inst. my engineer called at Lima to look into the condition of the new school building, and to take up some matters in regard to the construction of the same; particularly the matter of the boilers and subdrainage about the building. In regard to the boilers there seems to be some difference of opinion as to whether or not the boilers should be provided with steam domes. In this case we beg to say that it has never been customary to put steam domes on boilers for low pressure steam heat in connection with a fan blast job. Your board will realize that the theory of steam heat is to derive the benefit from the latent heat in the steam. This is accomplished by running the steam into wrought iron pipe or cast iron radiators, as the case may be, and condensing the steam, thereby absorbing the heat. For heating then it is evident that it is not necessary that the steam is to be dry steam as in the case of power installation. The primary object is to condense the steam and do it quickly as possible. Therefore the use of a steam dome, the duty of which it is to dry out the steam and remove the moisture becomes unnecessary and in fact we seriously question the advantage of a steam dome for this purpose. They certainly are of no advantage, even if their presence does no harm, and consequently an additional expense with no benefit.

The question of placing a hand-hole in the rear of the boiler was also taken up. There is a man-hole in the rear of the boiler, above the tubes and one in the front of the boiler below the tubes, giving perfect access to the tubes from the top and bottom, which is all that could be desired. The blow off from the boilers in the bottom at a point close to the rear head and the natural current of the water in blowing off the boiler in that direction and any mud that might be laying in the bottom of the boiler would be carried out with the blow off, and even if such were not the case, and mud collected in the bottom of the boiler, the firemen without exerting too much energy might crawl in the manhole and scrape the mud out. We, therefore, see no necessity of a man-hole in the rear of the boiler built that way.

Now, in regard to the sub-drainage, this is an absolute necessity. At the time of the inspection there was water laying in the boiler room and it is necessary to get rid of this water. The ground seems to be of such nature that the water will not soak out; simply has to lay there and evaporate, and as it is your intention to finish up several of these basement rooms for laboratories, toilet rooms and such, it is absolutely necessary to put in a system of sub-drainage. Trenches should be dug and in them laid porous drain tile, arranged in such manner as to take up the water and conduct same to your sewerage system.

In a short time the roof will be on the building. It will then be absolutely necessary to have some kind of subdrainage to carry off the roof water, for if the down-spouts are put up and the water allowed to run on the surface of the ground it will run down along the outside walls and under the footings and work up into the basement and if it does nothing further, will fill the basement with water. There is also a possibility of this water standing around the footings, causing the same to settle and crack some of the exterior walls. We certainly hope that we may have your hearty assistance in installing this system of sub-drainage at once.

The matter of the kind of clocks called for in the specifications was also taken up. We wish to say that the system called for is not what is known as the program system, but simply a time system. There is to be located in the large dormer in the front of the building a clock. The master clock controlling this clock is located in the board room. From this same master clock, dials located in the corridors and study rooms are also operated, but these dials have no other function than indicating the time.

In regard to the building in general, we wish to compliment your board on the progress that has been made. The work surely has been pushed forward in a zealous manner and we wish to say in a very satisfactory manner. We are very well pleased with the looks of the work and hope that we may have your co-operation in getting one of the best buildings in the state.

Requesting you again to give us your immediate attention in regard to the sub-drainage system, and trusting that we have made the matters in regard to the boilers perfectly clear to you, we beg to remain,

Yours vry truly

F. L. PACKARD.

The report was accepted and will no doubt be followed as a guide on the matters which have been disturbing the board during the past few weeks.

The building committee made a report on its inspection of the ward buildings, several of which were found to be in need of repair, and the work was ordered done.

Six fire extinguishers were purchased from Dr. Newell, two for the Jefferson street building and two for the new Richardson and McKinley buildings. They were advised by the state inspector as a necessary precaution against fire.

The board accepted the suggestion of Supt. Miller in regard to the holding of a city teacher's institute, which is referred to in another column.

Pineules is the name of a new discovery put up in a new way; a certain cure for all kidney and bladder troubles, rheumatism, lumbago, etc. You are requested to call at our store and let us show you Pineules, derived from the pines.

COAL BIDS WANTED.

Notice is hereby given that infirmary directors will receive bids until 12 o'clock noon on 8th day of August, 1904, at their office in court house, for coal for infirmary, delivered on track in Lima, or at county infirmary. 251-tt INFIRMARY DIRECTORS.

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION.

On Wednesday, August 17, the Erie R. R. will run their annual excursion to Niagara Falls. $5.00 round trip from Lima, O. Take advantage of the most popular excursion in America and visit one of the seven wonders of the world. For further information, write O. L. Enos, T. P. A., Marion, Ohio. 54 -wky-Augs-10

FOUR

Days' Institute to Be Held

For Teachers

And School Session Begins Week Later.

Board Accepts the Advice of Supt. Miller and Will Provide the Money

That Will Insure the Presence of Good Lecturerss—Teachers Will Draw Full Pay During the Session.

A city teachers' institute will be held in Lima as provided for under the new code, and the dates decided on at the meeting of the board of education last night were September 6, 7, 8, and 9, the first week of the school term.

The suggestion was made by Supt. Miller to select the dates above given, as all of the teachers will have returned from their summer vacation by that time and will get the four days instructions before settling down to the regular routine. On the other hand the pupils will have their vacations extended a week, school opening on the 12th of September instead of on the 5th as originally intended.

Under the code teachers attending the four days session of the institute will draw full pay, as based on the salaries they receive as teachers, and their attendance is obligatory.

Supt. Miller expects to have one of the best institutes in the state, and the board, by a unanimous vote, not only sustained him in the matter of choice as to dates, but assured him of a sufficient amount of money to carry out his purpose. He will secure the services of a specialist on primary work and one on grammar grades, but is not yet prepared to announce the names of the lecturers. Both Superintendent Miller and Principal Steffens will conduct a branch of the work during the institute, and the session promises to be an interesting one as well as helpful to Lima's efficient corps of teachers.

"I had diabetes in its worst form," writes Marion Lee, of Dunreath, Ind. "I tried eight physicians without relief. Only three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made me a well man." It is a medicine free from poisons and will cure any case of kidney disease that is not beyond the reach of medicine. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp and Wm. M. Melville.

FIVE MEMBERS OF ONE FAMILY

And Three of Another Ill From Eating Improperly Cured Pork.

Marion, O., Aug. 3.—A two year old son of W. H. Curt, of Prospect, is dead and a three year old daughter may not recover and an eight year old son of Albert Benedict, of Cardington, who, with his parents is a guest at the Curt home, is in a precarious condition as a result of eating some pork from a hog recently butchered by Curr.

There were five members of the Curt family and three of the Benedict, and all were taken ill immediately after eating the meat last night. All but those stated are out of danger. The meat was improperly cured.

Mysterious Circumstances.

One was pale and sallow and the other fresh and rosy. Whence the difference? She who is blushing with health uses Dr. King's New Life Pills to maintain it. By gently arousing the lazy organs they compel good digestion and head off constipation. Try them. Only 25c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

YOUNG PROMOTED BY THE MACCABEES.

Norwalk, O., Aug. 3.—Ed. L. Young, of this city, who has been great record keeper of the Knights of Maccabees for the past twelve years, has been appointed Great Commander to succeed the late H. M. Parker of Elyria. Geo. H. Scott, of Toledo, has been appointed Great Record Keeper to succeed Mr. Young, and will move to Norwalk at once. The order's present officers here will be greatly enlarged into a Maccabee temple and this city will be the Ohio home of the order.

VASTNESS OF RUSSIA.

The Great Size of the Empire Is Not Generally Recognized.

Few persons realize how vast is the area of the Russian empire. Into that enormous country you could put all of non-Russian Europe and yet only take up a little more than one-eighth of the czar's domains. Then you could add the United States, including Alaska, and still have almost enough territory left to place Canada in. In fact, the Russian empire comprises one-seventh of the land surface of the globe.

Though not comparable in extent of territory with the empire of the czar, the United States seems of enormous area when compared with the European countries other than Russia.

The state of Texas alone would take in Germany, Greece, Holland and Switzerland and still have room to spare. Belgium would simply be lost in the Maine woods. In fact, you could put two Belgiums into the state of Maine and have a state left as large as New Jersey.

France could be stowed away up in Montana and Wyoming, with enough territory left over to take in Portugal. Sweden would fit into California, with lots of room to spare, and Spain would almost, but not quite, fit into Nevada and Idaho.

To make Spain comfortable, we should have to borrow 4,000 square miles from Arizona, but that would still leave Arizona enough territory to take in Italy, leaving out Sardinia.

As for the British isles, we could stow them away in New Mexico and have land to spare afterward. The dual empire of Austria-Hungary would be a more difficult matter to deal with, and in order to give it elbow room we should have to devote the states of Colorado and Oregon to it and then borrow 43,000 square miles from Washington, which would still leave Washington room in which to put the kingdom of Servia and have enough left over for a fair sized state.

The kingdom of Roumania could be placed in Arkansas, with about 5,000 square miles to spare, and Bulgaria would have more than enough room in Oklahoma.

Turkey's possessions in Europe are about as large as Missouri, and Norway could be placed in the two Dakotas, with lots of room left over. The pieces left over from the various states and territories mentioned would be more than enough to make an area as large as Denmark and the other odds and ends of non-Russian Europe not mentioned.

But if we did not want to spare so much territory of the western states and territories, we could economize by placing Germany, France, Italy and Belgium up in Alaska, and the British Isles could be distributed among the Philippines, Hawaii and Porto Rico.—Washington Post.

He Lost His Case.

"Judge Emerson, one of the most eloquent men Illinois ever produced, was once taken down completely in a speech at Decatur," said an attorney of Chicago. "He had a case in which there were some peculiarly pathetic circumstances, the rights of a young girl whose property had been squandered and who was reduced to destitution being involved. Judge Emerson made the most of it, and as he closed his speech a solemn hush had fallen over the courtroom.

"Tears stood in the eyes of the jurors, and even the judge coughed sympathetically and hid his head behind the trial docket. His opponent, whose name I have now forgotten, saw that the spell had to be broken in some way or his case was lost. Arising slowly to his feet and in a voice of deep solemnity and with slow deliberation, he said, 'Gentlemen of the jury, let us continue these solemn exercises by singing the One Hundred and Fifteenth Psalm.' A roar of laughter followed from the audience, and Judge Emerson lost his case."

Etiquette of the Smoker.

The etiquette of the smoker is not observed in Philadelphia, according to a globe trotter. In many countries, especially in Spain and Cuba, where such etiquette is most jealously guarded, a man who is smoking must be sure, when asked by another man for a light, to present his cigar or cigarette for the purpose. To offer a match is to imply the social inferiority of the man who asks for the light, so that between two strangers such an offer is a deadly insult and sometimes sufficient to cause a duel. When, however, the difference in social grade is so marked as to be visible in clothing and accouterment the match may be offered without offense. When the lighted cigar is offered it must not be thrown away until the man who has offered it has taken at least one puff. Otherwise the insult is greater than would have been the offering of the match.—Philadelphia Record.

Visiting Cards.

The Chinese, who seem to have known most of our new ideas, used visiting cards 1,000 years ago, but their cards were very large and not really the prototypes of our visiting cards, as they were on soft paper and tied with ribbon. Venice seems to have been the first city in Europe to use cards. Some dating from the latter part of the sixteenth century are preserved in a museum there. The German cities followed the Venetian custom 100 years or so. Then London followed suit—actually followed suit—for the first visiting cards in Great Britain were playing cards or parts of such cards bearing the name of the bestower on the back. They were first used in England about 1700. We do not know when they were first used in this country, probably not long after their first introduction into British society.

Ring's Dyspepsia Tablets instantly relieve the stomach and aid digestion. They are as pleasant as loaf sugar and cure dyspepsia, sour risings, catarrh of the stomach and indigestion. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp.

WHAT THE EARTH PRODUCES.

Are We Children of Nature?

WHO can but admire the beautiful things in Nature—the glory of the landscape, the trees, the meadows, the beauty of the sea and heaven! When we can admire we know that we are children of nature. The earth has nourished us through unknown ages of human existence. Is it not true that the earth supplies us with everything that we really require for existence? We can live on vegetables and fruit which the earth produces. We would probably be better off to-day as a race without meat. Have you ever thought that it is probable that the earth supplied us with the means to keep our bodily vigor, our health, if we only knew it? The animals know by instinct what is good for them and will search until they find in some plant what they need for correcting indigestion or constipation, etc. Is it, therefore, not possible that there are roots and herbs supplied by nature which will cure the diseases that afflict human kind? That is why Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has such faith in his "Medical Discovery." Years ago, when he was in general and active practice, he found that a combination of certain herbs and roots made into an alterative extract, without the use of alcohol, would always put the stomach into a healthy condition, nourish the tissues, feed the blood and nerves and put healthy tone into the whole system.

There are some people who can lose *fat* to advantage, but the loss of flesh is one of the accepted evidences of failing health. As flesh-making processes begin in the stomach, so naturally when there is loss of flesh we look first to the stomach for the cause. And the cause is generally found to be disease of the stomach and digestive and nutritive tracts, resulting in loss of nutrition and consequent physical weakness.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery restores the lost flesh by curing diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition and enabling the perfect digestion and assimilation of food from which flesh and strength are made.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery purifies the blood and entirely eradicates the poisons that breed and feed disease. It thus cures scrofula, eczema, erysipelas, boils, pimples and other eruptions that mar and scar the skin. Pure blood is essential to good health. The weak, run-down, debilitated condition which so many people experience is commonly the effect of impure blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery not only cleanses the blood of impurities, but it increases the activity of the blood-making glands, and it enriches the body with an abundant supply of pure, rich blood.

"I was all run down, very nervous, and suffered terribly from stomach trouble, which the doctors pronounced indigestion," writes Mrs. Wm. Morey, of Marshall, Mich. "I doctored for a year without permanent relief. Was advised by a friend to try Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and after the use of nine bottles I was cured. I can heartily recommend the 'Golden Medical Discovery' to any one suffering from stomach trouble. My husband was also greatly benefited by its use."

"I am pleased to tell you that three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has cured my husband of liver complaint and indigestion," writes Mrs. G. Hall, of Novar, Ontario. "He suffered for a long time with pain in his right side and had to leave off work several times. Tried three doctors here but they did not do any good; also tried several kinds of patent medicines but received no benefit. Then I wrote to you and you advised us to try your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' We got a bottle at once and before my husband had taken all of this one bottle he was feeling ever so much better and able to work again. He continued with the 'Discovery' until he had taken three bottles and is now feeling better than for years. We both thank you, and, if you think by publishing this it will benefit other sufferers, you are at liberty to do so. We have got several friends to try your 'Golden Medical Discovery' for different complaints and I am pleased to say that it has never failed. We wish you every success."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." Nothing is "just as good."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the clogged system from impurities.

FREE. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WHEAT CROP SHOWS BADLY.

Monthly Bulletin Shows Crops Will Not Exceed Sixty Percent of Average.

Columbus, O., Aug. 3.—The monthly bulletin of the board of agriculture, issued today, places the wheat just harvested at sixty per cent of an average yield an acre. A shortage in acres makes the crop the lightest in recent years.

The oat crop has both 99 per cent and a heavy acreage, corn shows 91 per cent, potatoes 92, tobacco 8, apples 52, peaches 45, pears 61 and grapes 64.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE.

Will cure Bright's Disease.
Will cure Diabetes.
Will cure Stone in Bladder.
Will cure Kidney and Bladder Disease.

Foley's Kidney Cure will cure all diseases arising from disordered kidneys or bladder. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp and Wm. M. Melville.

WHY HIS NOSE WAS RED.

A man from Mexico, Jacques Forbes by name, at the Galt House last night, claims to have a typical mother-in-law, inflicted with that strange and almost universal womanly failing of asking promiscuous questions.

"It is only a few weeks ago," said Mr. Forbes, "that a dilapidated looking tramp, with a long, strikingly red nose—one of those all ablaze noses—applied at the back door of my mother-in-law's home for food.

"Sure," said my mother-in-law, in response to his request for food, "I'll give you something to eat, but, my good man, won't you please tell me what makes your nose so very red?"

"Not the least objection, madam," replied the tramp. "It is simply blooming with pride that it doesn't stick itself into other people's business. Good day, madam."—Louisville Herald.

You may me poor or wealthy,
Just as your fate may be.
But if you are unhealthy,
Take Rocky Mountain Tea.
H. F. Vortkamp.

The turn of a woman's head often turns a man's head.

A phenomenon is a man who never loses a bunch of keys.

Cobwebs are useful in advertising a store that doesn't advertise.—Chicago News.

CONSUMPTION THREATENED.

"I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption," says C. Unger, 211 Maple street, Champaign, Ill. "I tried a great many remedies and I was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since." For sale by H. F. Vortkamp and Wm. Melville.

WANTS, FOR RENT, LOST, FOR SALE, ETC.

WANTED—To buy a small house or cottage, small lot; good locality, not too far from business portion. Pay cash for the same. Address, D. S., care Gazette office. tf

WANTED—Chambermaid at Sherman House 53-3t

WANTED—Partner—Young or middle-age, man of good address who will invest $ for $ with me in road proposition in which there is big money. No dudes wanted, but a good partner who is not afraid of work. State time and place where you can be seen. Address N. Y. Z., care of this paper. 51-3t*

WANTED—Dish washer at the Lima House. 59-tf

WE BUY old gold and silver. It's the same to us as money in purchase of goods. Macdonald & Co., 135 north Main street. 43-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—5-room house. Call at 786 north Main street. 52-3t*

FOR RENT—Four rooms, large pantry, clothes closets and toilet, at 818 west Elm street, new number. 51-3*

FOR RENT—Five single rooms in the Deisel block 135 and 137 north Main street, suitable for offices or sleeping apartments, modern and up to date, rent reasonable. For information call on Henry Deisel at cigar factory, or either 'phone No. 119; residence 'phone 465. 65-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Farm of 138 acres, well improved with 8 producing wells. Call at 635 north Elizabeth street, city. 52-3t*

FOR SALE—100 second hand watches, practically good as new as a time piece. Macdonald & Co., 135 north Main street. 43-tf

FOR SALE—22 lots in Highland Park just west of Lima College, near Cole street, $75.00 each; $1 a week. R. D. Macdonald, 135 north Main street. 236-tf

FOR SALE—Nice walnut bed stead, wash stand, lamp stand and first class set of springs. All for $12. A very nice birds-eye maple child's bed; cost $5, will sell for $2.50. They are as good as new; also 40 yards Brussels carpet for $8. Call quick at 539 west Market street. 3t* wed-sat-tu

Pinesalve acts like a poultice. There is no sore, boil or abrasion of the skin Pinesalve will not cure. Pinesalve draws the fire out of a burn instantly and heals without leaving a scar. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp.

SPEND YOUR VACATION ON THE GREAT LAKES

DETROIT & CLEVELAND THE COAST LINE

DAILY SERVICE BETWEEN DETROIT AND CLEVELAND

VISIT PICTURESQUE MACKINAC ISLAND AND MICHIGAN SUMMER RESORTS.

The LAKE AND RAIL ROUTE to WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS

TIME TABLE BETWEEN Detroit and Cleveland

Leave DETROIT, daily 10.30 p. m.
Arrive CLEVELAND 5.30 a. m.
making connections with all Railroads for points East.

Leave CLEVELAND, daily 10.15 p. m.
Arrive DETROIT 5.30 a. m.
Connecting with Special Trains for World's Fair, St. Louis, and with D & C Steamers for Mackinac, "Soo," Marquette, Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Petoskey, Milwaukee, Chicago and Georgian Bay, also with all Railroads for points in Michigan and the West.
Day Trips between Detroit and Cleveland during July and August.

Mackinac Division

Lv TOLEDO Mondays and *Saturdays 9.30 a. m. and *Tuesdays and Thursdays 4 p. m.
Lv DETROIT Mondays and *Saturdays 5.00 p. m. and *Wednesdays and Fridays 9.30 a. m. *Commencing June 15th.

Send 2c for Illustrated Pamphlet Tourist Rates.
Send 2c for World's Fair Pamphlet.
Address
A. A. SCHANTZ, G. S. & P. T. M., Detroit, Mich.

LUTZ'S
Barber Shop and Bath Rooms
For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Hot, Cold, Shower, and Vapor Baths.
Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting Done to Order.
Northeast corner Public Square.

We have the kind of tea you want to make iced tea, and as you will possibly use quite a bit in next few days, get a pound of us and see our surprise in the way of a premium free with a pound.

LIMA TEA CO.

A tooth brush that will make the old kinds a memory.
The "P. S." (Prophylactic Special).
Has a handle that *gives*—is *flexible*. A new sensation.
Indescribable.
You must try it to know.
3 sizes—Adult's, Youth's, Child's—at all dealers. Always sold in the yellow box.

There's a best in everything

A scuttle of coal a day is a ton in a month. You save much coal, cozily warm your home and do away with ash-dirt and drudgery by using HOT WATER SYSTEM

Estimates Cheerfully Furnished.

Ideal Boilers and American Radiators

E. E. TUTTLE,
215 WEST HIGH.

TWO

Happy Couples Married Last Night

In South Lima.

Noah D. Burden and Maud Howard,

And Robert Dingledine and Miss Clifford Blose, of Columbus.

Two Young "Men" Get Gay and Came Near Getting Slapped - Other Happenings Are Mentioned.

The Rev. Sims, of the south side Church of Christ, was a very busy man yesterday evening, in a matrimonial way, and as a consequence south Lima can boast of two new and happy homes.

At 7:30 o'clock Robert Dingledine, of south Pine street, and Miss Clifford Blose, of Columbus, called at the Sims home and requested the reverend to pronounce them man and wife. The groom is the popular night operator at the L. E. & W. depot, while the bride is an accomplished young lady of Columbus. Mr. and Mrs. Dingledine will live in a neat little cottage on McPheron avenue.

A few minutes of 8 o'clock, the Rev. Sims was called to the Howard home on south Pine street, where he spoke the words uniting in wedded bliss Noah D. Burden and Miss Maud Howard. The Burdens will live on south Pine street for the present.

Funeral of an Infant.

Yesterday at the noon hour, the Rev. Father Ryan, of the St. John's church, held a brief funeral service over the remains of the 4-days-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Keifer, of Forest avenue. The body was taken to Wapak for interment.

Insulted Ladies.

Last evening two tall slim young "men" who mingled with the crowd, which had gathered at Kibby and Main to hear Richards' band, made themselves very obnoxious by making vulgar remarks and also by pinching women and girls, just to see them jump, and pulling their hair. Captain John Mack happened along just in time to see them pull a young lady's hair and if the "smart Alexs" had not taken a walk they would both be wearing a pair of lovely black eyes each. Several others felt like taking a punch at the fresh young fellows, but allowed the matter to pass, hoping to find an officer who would arrest them. This is not the first time these same two fellows have behaved in an ungentlemanly way in crowds and last Saturday evening, at the corner of the Square and Market street, they pulled the hair of several fair passers. They are known, and a little warning may save them from a deserved thrashing, or falling into the hands of Dr. Toby's goblin.

Streets Are in Good Shape Boy.

A resident of south Central avenue complained this morning that a district messenger boy had nearly run over his child, on the sidewalk in front of his house, and that although the middle of the street is in fine condition, yet the lad rode his wheel along the sidewalk as far as he could see him.

Anniversary Feast.

Yesterday being the sixteenth birthday anniversary of Miss Andreo Crider, of 454 south Central avenue, her parents and relatives prepared a feast in honor of the event. Among the guests were Miss Leota Reicheiderfer of Cridersville; Miss Alberta Huffman, of Jackson Center; Harley Garling, of Bloom Center, and Mrs. Wm Roberts and Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Beall, of this city.

Happy Women

Are always healthy women, for happiness and good health go hand in hand. Sickly women, however, need not suffer any longer for in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they will positively find good health and happiness. It will strengthen their various organs, establish functional regularity, induce sound sleep and cure Backache, Cramps, Sick Headache, Vomiting, Nervousness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Try it and see.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

Lead Pencil Tips.

Mrs. Centers, a nurse of this city, is a patient at the LaBelle Sanatorium, the result of over work.

Mrs. Gus Neistrum, of east Eureka street, has returned from a weeks visit with Detroit friends.

Amanda Murphy, of the LaBelle Sanatorium, has returned from Leipsic, where she attended the funeral of her mother.

C. W. Johnson and Baker Heath, of Harrod, were south Lima callers yesterday.

Cleve. Lehman and Frank Smiley took in the Ohio Central excursion from Wapakoneta to Huntington, W. Va., today.

Mr. and Mrs. Claud Preble, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Cole and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Langley will spend tonight and tomorrow with friends near Elida.

M. J. Downey and John and Guy Hennon have returned from St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Allen, of west Kibby street, are entertaining their son Harry, of Chicago.

Fostoria friends yesterday entertained Mesdames Dora Thompson, of south Main street; Nettie Jacobs, of west Vine, and J. L. Thompson, of east Vine.

Having visited friends at Holgate, Mrs. John Yates, of Greenlawn avenue, has returned home.

James Blauser, a carpenter, of south Pine street, is suffering from blood poisoning in his right hand.

Mrs. John Moore and children, of Oak street, are visiting at Fremont.

After a very enjoyable visit with Sidney friends, Mrs. Frank Hageman and children, of east Kibby street, have returned.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Kunkleman, of south Main street, are entertaining his sister, Miss Jennie Kunkleman, of Cleveland.

Miss Mattie Baker, of west Circular street, was at Sandusky, yesterday.

South Pine street relatives have as a guest, Miss Mae Roush, of Bluffton.

Robert L. White went to Cleveland yesterday.

Miss Mayme Munger has returned to Toledo, after spending a few days with Miss Vera Matchett, of east Eureka street.

Court Perkins, of Greenlawn avenue, is visiting relatives in Hudson, Mich.

After being a guest of her aunt Mrs. J. C. Finfrock, of south Pine street, Miss Bessie Cartwright has returned to Sidney.

Mrs. Ed. Helser, of south Elizabeth street, has as her guest, Mrs. Chas. Briggs, of Bluffton, Ind.

The Kraft families are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kraft, of Noblesville, Ind. Charles was a former Lima boy, but is now a traveling salesman for the Cady-Irison Shoe Co., of Cleveland.

Low Fares to Boston via Pennsylvania Lines.

August 12th, 13th and 14th, excursion tickets to Boston, account of National Encampment Grand Army of the Republic, will be sold from all ticket stations on Pennsylvania lines. For full information regarding fares, time of trains, etc., apply to local ticket agent of those lines. ill-aug-14

BLOOD

If your blood is right, you will be strong, clear-eyed, rosy-skinned and full of vigor and vitality. Every woman wants to fit this description, and every woman may, by making sure that her blood is pure.

Nemazone

cleanses the blood, and takes every impurity out of it, enriching it at the same time. It does this without bringing out blotches or pimples. Every woman who wants more strength, more vim, and more healthful color needs it. At all druggists'. Large bottles $1.00.

Manufactured by The Nemazone Company, Altoona, Pa.

FOR SALE AT THE ENTERPRISE DRUG STORE.

STRIKE LEADER CLAIMS VICTORY

Packers Now Know That They Have Lost Their Powerfully Combined Business Through the Efforts of Labor Unions Alone.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Homer D. Callaway, national secretary of the Butchers' organization, said today: "The greatest feature of the strike in meat trust has been broken. Instead of the packers disrupting the unions, the disintegration of one of the greatest combinations the world has ever seen has already set in. For ten years, from 1890 to 1900, the consolidation of the meat companies was carried on, and from 1741 packing plants in this country the number was reduced to 760.

"Now the tide will set in the other way. The packers now know that they have already lost control of a large part of their business and that the live stock dealers will do all that is possible to assist in the defeat. Since the strike the independent plants of Chicago, Louisville, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Pittsburg and Springfield, Mass., have been working night and day...This trade will never be recovered by the trusts. My reports are that the danger has already been realized by the big packers. It took the packers twenty years to build up their combination and now the fruits of victory will be snatched from them by the labor unions. The public is supporting the independent plants because of the damaging evidence secured by the government against the meat monopoly."

THE ASSASSIN OF VON PLEHVE IS SAID

To Have Made a Partial Confession, But Still Refuses to Disclose His Name--Police Discover a Third Accomplice.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—The assassin of Minister of the Interior Von Plehve, who was reported dead but is still living, is said to have made a partial confession in which he declared that at one time he was a school teacher in a rural district interested in the Zemstvo, for the curtailment of whose powers he blamed the minister.

He still absolutely refuses to disclose his name. A watch is kept on him day and night, not only in order to prevent his doing himself bodily harm, but in the belief that he may betray himself in his sleep. Thus far, however, he has only muttered two words in sleep—Endearing diminutives for Peter and Natalie, probably the names of a comrade and sweetheart.

The police have discovered that a third accomplice was concerned in the murder plot and that he was stationed on a quay of the Neva where one of the imperial yachts was moored on the scene that the minister might go to Peterhoff that day by boat.

SECRETARY OF WAR ASKED TO CONFISCATE

Terminal Bridge Company's Property at St. Louis, Because It Has Violated Terms Under Which Charter Was Granted.

St. Louis, Aug. 3.—Attorney General Edward S. Crow has submitted the case of the state of Missouri against the alleged St. Louis terminal monopoly to Secretary of War Taft, with the recommendation that the Merchants Bridge which is owned and controlled by the Ead's Bridge Co., or the Terminal Association be confiscated by the United States government on the ground that the Merchant's Company has violated the terms under which congress granted its charter.

In a communication just forwarded to Secretary Taft at Washington, the attorney general sets forth at length the history of the Terminal Association and sites facts to show that the Federal government not only as a matter of right, but from the standpoint of public policy, should disrupt the Terminal Bridge combine, which has worked to the disadvantage of the trade and commerce of the Mississippi valley.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 3.—A rise of ⅞ in Tenn. coal was the only change in excess of a half amongst the few stocks quoted in the opening deals today. Other changes were mixed with small gains prelominating.

The cotton stocks continued to advance but there was some selling of the general list at recessions. St. Louis Southwestern advanced ¾, the Southern Railway stocks and Kansas & Texas preferred, about 1½, Kansas City, Ft. Scott and Memphis preferred 2. St. Louis & San Francisco second preferred 2¾. St. Joseph and Grand Island first preferred 3½ and Chicago and Eastern Illinois certificates 5, the last named with a reaction of 3. The cotton stocks reacted before the closing, which was dull and heavy.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Cattle, 6,500, market steady. Good to prime steers $5.45@6.40; poor to medium $4@5; stokers and feeders $2@3.85; cows $1.50@5; heifers $2@4.25; canners $1.50@2.50; bulls $2@4; calves $2.50@6; Texas fed steers $3@4.50; western steers $3.75@3.85.

Hogs, receipts 12,000. Good hogs 5@10 cents higher. Mixed and butchers $5.20@5.55; good to choice heavy $5.30@5.50; rough heavy $4.80@5.20; light $5.25@5.55; bulk of sales $5.25@5.45.

Sheep, receipts 14,000, market steady. Good to chice wothers $3.75@4.25; fair to choice mixed $@34.75; native lambs $4@7.

Toledo Grain.

Toledo, Aug. 3.—Wheat, cash 97¼; Aug. 97¼; Sept. 97¼; Dec. 98⅞; May 1.01.

Corn, cash 55; Sept. 54; Dec. 48.

Oats, cash 36½; Sept. 34½; Dec. 35.

Clover seed, cash 6.60; Oct. 6.80.

Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Close: Wheat, Sept. 94⅝@¾; old 95⅝; Dec. 94⅛@¼; May 96⅝.

Corn, Aug. 51¼; Sept. 51⅜@½; Dec. 48½; May 47⅞.

Oats, Aug. 31¼; Sept. 31@⅛; Dec. 34⅝@¾; May 36½@⅝.

Pork, Sept. 12.82½; Oct. 12.87½; Jan. 12.75.

Lard. Sept. 6.90; Oct. 6.95@6.97½; Jan. 6.87½.

Ribs, Sept. 7.62½; Oct. 7.65.

THERE WILL BE A RECORD

Breaking Production in Coinage of Pennies and Nickles During This Year.

Philadelphia, Aug. 3—Successful experiments in the manufacture of copper blanks from which cents are stamed at the United States mint in this city, will render unnecessary the reduction of the force which it was expected would go into effect in September. With this innovation, the mint will have sufficient work t employ about 600 workers, with the exception of fifty women, throughout the year.

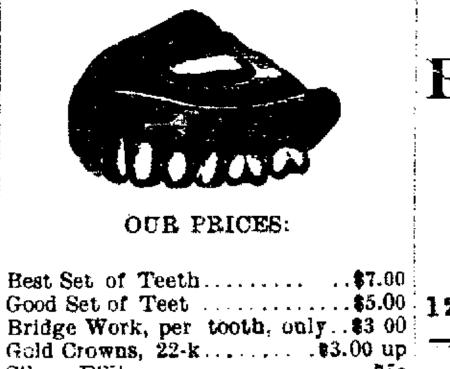
The government has bought its supply of blanks and from private concerns. The mint here is the only one in the United States which make cents and nickels, and there will be a record-breaking production of those voins from September to December. The mint will devote itself exclusively to this coinage and, as a result $25,000,000 will be turned out each month.

In the last four months of the year the demand for subsidiary coin is so great that the $100,000,000 it is estimated, will be exhausted by February. This has been a record-making year at the mint. In one muth, more gld was coined than in any other similar time. Since January, $157,000,000 in gold has been turned out, most of which has been forwarded to sub-treasuries. In the vaults at the present time, are 100,000,000 silver dollars held as collateral for silver certificates.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. Any drug store.

Cremo

5 cent cigars are liked by every one except the man who has some other kind he wants to sell you



OUR PRICES:

Best Set of Teeth	$7.00
Good Set of Teet	$5.00
Bridge Work, per tooth, only	$3 00
Gold Crowns, 22-k	$3.00 up
Silver Filling	75c

Extraction Free when Plates are Ordered.

BOSTON DENTISTS,

Black Block, North Main St.,

Hours 8 to 6. Sunday 9 to 12. Old phone 132

YOUR SUMMER OUTING.

A duty all people owe themselves that they may live long and prosper is to take a certain amount of recreation. Brainworkers especially owe this to themselves. Their work is laborious and monotonous, and they should seek some means to have a change for a week or two at least, in some manner which is entirely different to what they see around them. The least expensive and most enjoyable we can recommend is a water trip. The acommodations are first-class in every way and very reasonable.

Write to

A. A. SCHANTZ,
G. P. T. Mgr.
Detroit, Mich.

No such thing as "summer complaint" where Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is kept handy. Nature's remedy for every looseness of the bowels.

$5625 CALIFORNIA AND RETURN.

The Chicago and Erie Railroad will sell round trip tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles, August 15th to September 9th, with final limit to October 23rd, 1904. Stop-over allowed at Chicago, St. Louis, Colorado and Califormia, points. Tickets via Portland $11 higher than above rate. Diverse routes permitted on all tickets for particulars see agent.

d-w til Sep. 8 W. S. MORRISON.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Reduced Fares to Rome City via Pennsylvania Lines.

July 20th to August 12th, inclusive, excursion tickets to Rome City, account Camp Meeting and Island Park Assembly, will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines from all ticket stations in the State of Indiana, and west of Columbus and Upper Sandusky in the state of Ohio. For particulars, regarding fares, time of trains, etc., call on local ticket agent of those lines.

July 22-tt

Bee's LAXATIVE Honey and Tar is the original Laxative cough cure. It is the best Laxative cough syrup made. Bee's LAXATIVE Honey and Tar contains the antiseptic, healing, soothing and strengthens properties of the native pine, combined with other ingredients in a laxative syrup made from pure strained honey. Cures all coughs and strengthens weak lungs. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp.

ACKERMAN & CO.,

Pure Whiskies and Wines.

(None but the best.)

8 Year Old Pure Rye, 75c.

Temple Club, the best whiskey in Lima at, ONE DOLLAR FULL QUART.

121 West High Street. Both 'Phones

When Baking Day Comes

you will be fortunate if you have plenty of good coal on hand. Both quantity and quality are to be had at lowest market figures at Consumers coal yard. The mines, part of whose output we handle, assure that—the famous Thacker and Pocahontas and our own guarantee goes with every ton.

Consumers Fuel, Building & Supply Co.

M.I.S.T. No 2

CURES

GREATEST NERVE TONIC.

The most powerful INVIGORANT ever produced. Permanently restores mental and physical strength to those weakened by early Indiscretions, imparts Youthful Vigor, Restores Vitality, Strengthens and Invigorates the Brain and Nerves, a Positive cure for all forms of Nervous Debility, prompt, safe and sure.

Also an infallible cure for Old and Chronic cases of Rheumatism, Gout, Inflammation of the Bladder and bad cases of Erysipelas, Cancer, and all Blood Diseases.—Absolutely Infallible—Sure Cure.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOX.

M.I.S.T. CO. TOLEDO, O.

For Sale by H. F. VORTKAMP, Main and North Sts.

Why Buy Poor Soda Water.

When you can buy the Purest and Best for the same money at

Stolzenbach's.

Ice Cream Soda 5 Cents.

ANNUAL

NIAGARA FALLS

EXCURSION

Via

Lake Erie & Western R. R.

Personally conducted

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION

in connection with

Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry

Leave Lima at 11:10 p. m.

Thursday, Aug. 4, 1904.

Rate, $5.00 for Round Trip.

Tickets good returning on C. B. Line Steamer, Buffalo to Cleveland, if desired. Also Sandusky and Put-in Bay. Side trips to Toronto, Thousand Islands, Etc.

For tickets, rate, time and pamphlet containing general information, call on any ticket agent of the above route, or address

H. J. RHEIN,
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PUBLISHED BY
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129 West High Street.

THE ONLY NEWSPAPER IN LIMA RECEIVING ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS BY WIRE.

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All business, news, letters or telegraph dispatches must be addressed,
THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT,
Lima, Ohio.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
Of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
Of West Virginia.

THE STATE TICKET.

For Secretary of State,
A. P. SANDLES,
Putnam County.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
PHILIP J. RENNER,
of Cincinnati.

For Clerk of Supreme Court,
PERRY M. MEHAFFEY,
of Cambridge.

For Dairy and Food Commissioner,
QUENTEN H. GRAVETT,
of Wooster.

For Member of Board of Public Works
WM. H. FERGUSON,
of Springfield.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Member of Congress,
HARVEY C. GARBER,
of Greenville.

JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Circuit Judge,
Third Judicial District.
W. H. KINDER,
of Findlay.

For Common Pleas Judge,
First Sub-Division.
HUGH T. MATHERS,
of Sidney.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Commissioner,
ALBERT HEFNER.

For Infirmary Director,
W. E. GRUBB.

WEATHER.

Washington, Aug. 3.—For Ohio, Western Pennsylvania, Kentucky and West Virginia—Fair tonight and Thursday, with rising temperature.

We have no faith in the astrologer who predicts Roosevelt's defeat. Our trusts is in the common sense of the people.

ACTION IS TOO LATE.

As a proof of how anxious a man becomes to acquire information when a candidate for office, it is only necessary to call attention to the swift move Roosevelt has taken on himself to gather some knowledge concerning the meat trusts' methods. For three years he has known of its lawless business through injunctions, and suits against it by attorney generals, but not until defeat stared him in the face did he decide to make a show in behalf of the people. Today to carry out his long delayed promises of action, inspectors are in and about the packing houses investigating conditions.

The play for favor comes too late, and the people will have no confidence in its author.

Somebody is wanted in the president's office who will not regulate his duties to aid in his own political advancement.

HAS WORK TO DO.

The newly created fire board can immediately make its self unpopular with building owners and coincident therewith stand "see high" with the public by condemning a good many fire traps which now exist. In addition to this work the board should at once extend the limits within which frame structures cannot be erected. For several years past unsightly structures built of timber have been

Catarrh

Whether it is of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, or more delicate organs, catarrh is always debilitating and should never fail of attention.

It is a discharge from the mucous membrane when kept in a state of inflammation by an impure, commonly scrofulous, condition of the blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all forms of catarrh, radically and permanently—it removes the cause and overcomes all the effects. Get Hood's.

bobbing up inside the limits from which they are excluded by ordinance, and without interference, simply because no one was vested with authority to call a halt.

Fire Chief Coates, in his new role of inspector will have plenty to occupy his time, and if he performs his duty intelligently and honestly, there will be much gratitude shown him. He may be the medium through which much valuable property will be preserved from the destroying element, fire, and many lives saved.

The responsibility is great—greater because there is an opportunity for graft.

That the ordinance be enforced to the very letter, without fear or favor, will be and is the demand of the people.

The influence of a good woman is notably shown in the positive refusal of the Western Union Telegraph Company to carry racing news messages over its wires and the positive statement yesterday that the order is irrevocable. Behind all this effort at the suppression of gambling is Helen Gould, whose life is being devoted to the good of humanity.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Wayne MacVeagh, ex-attorney general of the United States, has taken up cudgels against automobile scorchers in his neighborhood in Pennsylvania. He wants them punished as severely as the state law will permit, and declares that many of the drivers of those machines are simply speed crazy and seem to get no pleasure out of them at a moderate gait. It is along the country roads that most harm is done. Mr. MacVeagh voices a sentiment that is widespread and rapidly intensifying.

There is one habit that Henry G. Davis, the octogenarian candidate of the democracy, has contracted which he will not let even the distraction of a campaign interfere. He has a brother named Tom to whom he has all his life made it a practice to write a letter daily. They have never had a disagreement. No matter how many engagements he has with politicians, Mr. Davis goes to his room early, even while in New York, to write his daily letter to tom.

The richest man in Greenland is a Mr. Korkoya. He owns a small fleet of fishing boats and has about $1,500 laid away. But in Greenland this is about the same thing as being a millionaire in any other part of the world.

H. H. Vreeland, president of the New York Street Railway company, never uses a free pass on his line, but invariably pays his fare. Should an unlucky conductor overlook him on his collecting tour, as conductors frequently do with others in the rush hours, he would probably hear from the president's office the next day.

John Roberts, a noted London billiard player, now in this country, having circled the globe, says that in India and China particularly the English game is played. In Java he found the American, or French, game mostly in vogue. English tables are different from the American, and the game differs from that played here, being, he says, more scientific than three ball billiards.

General Obrubcheff is by no means the only Cossack who has risen to great distinction in the Russian service. Any Cossack officer who displays marked ability and initiative is sure of high preferment. General Chicagoff, the military commander at Vladivostock, is a Kubanski Cossack and is one of the most distinguished and trusted officers in the Russian army. He displayed fine generalship when in command of a division of Cossack troops in Manchuria during the Boxer troubles.

Messrs. Geiger and Wilhelm have purchased the Western Ohio stone quary, located at the intersection of the Shawnee and Wapakoneta roads and in the future will be well prepared to furnish a fine grade of stone. Remember this when in need of stone.

232-30t

The Ladies Aid Society of St. Paul's Lutheran church will hold an all day's meeting at the home of Mrs. Ike Roush in the country Thursday.

LETTA KEVE, Secy.

MART ARMSTRONG POST.

Regular meeting tonight, August 3. Muster of recruits, and other business of important to all comrades will be brought up and acted upon by the Post this evening. All members are urged to attend this important meeting.

By order of
A. M. DILDINE, Post Com.
E. F. DAVIS, Adjutant.

SCATHING ARRAIGNMENT OF ROOSEVELT.
GOOD REASONS WHY HE SHOULD BE DEFEATED.

(New York World.)

"We are content to stand or fall by the record which we have made and are making."—President Roosevelt's letter of acceptance.

The paramount issue of this campaign is not, as you would have it, free trade or free silver, but you yourself—Theodore Roosevelt.

This issue is forced upon the country by your unusual temperament and talents—your own strong, able, ambitious, resourceful, militant, passionate personality, your versatile and surprising genius. As the French King said of the state, you can with great truth say of the republican party, "It is I." More absolutely than any of your predecessors in office ever did, you procured your own nomination. You dictated the platform. You edited the nominating speeches. You appointed the campaign manager. You moved your cabinet officers like pawns to meet the exigencies of your game of politics. By an act of executive usurpation you added many thousands of pensioners to a roll already containing a million names, in order to make votes for yourself—the first open use ever made of the National Treasury as a party's campaign chest.

You have glorified war and threatened the future peace of the country by proposing a bullying overlordship of the other countries in this hemisphere and offering to constitute the United States the constable and collector for Europe in the rotten and irresponsible states of Central and South America.

You have, by your recommendations to congress and your signature to its extravagances, increasing the national expenditures during your term to more than $2,500,000,000—an excess of $211,000,000 over the expenditures during President McKinley's term (which included the expenses of the war with Spain), and exceeding the cost of President Cleveland's second term by $880,000,000.

You and the congress of your party have converted a surplus of $80,000,000 in 1900 into a deficit of more than $40,000,000 for the fiscal year just closed.

Extravagance Encouraged.

This extravagance is encouraged, and in fact made inevitable, by the high tariff and the policies of war and imperialism of which you are the most strenuous champion. The greater the revenue from customs the greater the temptation for lavish expenditures. The more colonies and dependencies we have the greater the need of more coaling stations, more soldiers. Every high protectionist is a jingo, and every jingo a high protectionist. These cardinal features of the republican policy are interrelated an interdependent. They stand to each other in the relation of cause and effect.

In view of this surpassing record of extravagance, it is perhaps not strange but will be regarded by the taxpayers as significant, that the words "economy," "retrenchment" and "reform," once the rule of the nation and the shibboleth of statesmen, do not once appear in your entire speech of acceptance—NOT ONCE!

You say in your speech of acceptance that "prosperity has come at home." Are there not many thousands of workingmen who have great reason to feel that prosperity is departing? Does the army of striking cotton operatives, whose wages have been reduced 22½% since 1890, find that "wages are higher than ever before?" Do the tens of thousands of employes dismissed by our great railway systems share your roseate view? Are the participants in or the victims of the strike against the exactions of the beef trust throwing up their hats over the "full dinner pail?"

Deserting your early convictions in favor of a free trade, you cultivate the monopolistic campaign contributors of your party by "standing pat" for a tariff higher in its average duty than the highest schedules of the war time—a tariff which the republicans of Iowa have declared to be a "shelter to monopoly," which the republicans of Wisconsin demand shall be revised in the interest of consumers, and which tens of thousands of republicans in Massachusetts and elsewhere insist shall be modified by a reciprocity treaty with Canada.

Democrats Not Free Traders.

The principle of protection has been maintained by every party that has held power in this country since the adoption of the constitution, including the administrations of eight democratic presidents.

Representative Clark, chairman of the St. Louis convention, truly said that "the democratic party is not a free trade party." Protection, however necessary under some conditions is both needless and unjust when industries have become hoary monopolies. It is especially oppressive and exasperating when perverted to enable favored manufacturers to maintain arbitrary high prices in the home market while underselling foreign competitors in the markets of the world.

The free coinage of silver, which was the decisive issue in the last two elections, is no longer a living question, though there are indications in your speech that you will seek to revive it. The overwhelming verdict of the people, regardless of party, in the last two elections; the law of 1900 reestablishing the gold standard; the enormous increase in the world's production of gold, the fact that no party and no public man of importance, not even Mr. Bryan, is now advocating free silver, and, beyond all, the declaration of your opponent, Judge Parker, that he regards the gold standard as "firmly and irrevocably established"—a declaration unreservedly accepted by the St. Louis convention by a vote of 774 to 191—afford cumulative proof that the silver issue is dead and buried past resurrection.

A Boastful Policy.

You boast that your policy is "to do fair and equal justice to all men, paying no heed to whether a man is rich or poor." Can it be maintained that a tariff law which enables favored manufacturers, in return for big campaign contributions, to levy tribute on the whole body of the people is an example of "fair and equal justice?" Who represents anti-monopoly and the rights of labor in your cabinet? Is it Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, the banker, who preaches that high prices are a blessing?—or Attorney General Moody, who has not lifted a finger to enforce the anti-trust laws?—or Secretary of the Navy Morton, lately a vice president of the Santa Fe railroad, an ally of the beef trust?—or Secretary of the ———— Metcalf, a political representative of the Southern Pacific railroad?—or postmaster General Payne, long the legislative and lobby agent of ra[illegible] and other corporations?

Do these acts of yours give very strong backing to your words asserting equal regard for all classes?

You say of the "great organizations known as combines" that "we do not have to explain why the laws against them were not enforced, but to point out that they actually have been enforced." This will be news indeed to the victims of the unpunished beef combine and the other "conspiracies in restraint of trade" which continue to stifle competition and to rob consumers in defiance of law.

Jarred Public Confidence.

Far worse than this political partnership with combines under the tariff is the blow which you dealt to public confidence in the sincerity of your opposition to monopoly by the changes in your cabinet on the eve of your personal campaign for election to the presidency.

The politic removal of Attorney General Knox just as he had demonstrated in one notable instance his ability to enforce the law against combining corporations, after all previous attorney-generals of both parties had failed, was a shocking submission to the plutocratic power which with admirable courage you successfully challenged in the Northern Securities case. But the transfer of Secretary Cortelyou from the head of the department of commerce—created, as the law declares, to make "diligent investigation" of the affairs of corporations, and, as your platform says, to secure "reasonable publicity to their operations"—to the chairmanship of your campaign committee has all the appearance of deliberate preparation for partisan blackmail of the very corporations that were to be investigated.

Mr. Cortelyou, formerly your private secretary, was at the head of the department of commerce just long enough to acquire by "diligent investigation" such information as would be useful to the filler of your campaign chest. The public does not share this information. There is no evidence that the law officers of the government are making use of it to suppress and punish such odious and oppressive monopolies as the beef trust—which controls the greater portion of the meat supply of 80,000,000 people. But ex-private and ex-public Secretary Cortelyou—Chairman Cortelyou, of your campaign committee—no doubt knows all that the law enabled him to learn of the inner workings of the potential campaign contributors!

What, save a consuming ambition to be elected president, in your own right, could have led you to shift your successful combine prosecutor to Mr. Quay's place as a combine agent in the senate, and to convert your confidential private secretary and combine investigator into a campaign combine fat fryer, in place of Mark Hanna, deceased?

You boast that "never has the administration of the government been on a cleaner and higher level." We appeal to all honest men whether in the annals of our government there was ever a grosser abuse of power, a greater, public scandal or a more unprincipled defiance of decent public opinion than is this transfer of an official investigator and curber of great corporations to be a collector of campaign funds from them!

"The Big Stick."

You say that you "earnestly desire friendship with all the nations of the New and Old Worlds," and that you think "peace is right as well as advantageous." Can you wonder that the people find it hard to recognize in these pacific utterances the Roosevelt they have known hitherto? A short time ago, in urging the creation of an ever larger navy, the advice you gave for the guidance of the nation was: "Speak softly, but carry a big stick." Is the man who habitually does this generally 'seeking peace?' Do you think that the other nations of the New World thought that you, as president of this republic, really "desired peace and friendship" with them when you wrote in your letter to the Cuban dinner?—

"Any country whose people conduct themselves well can count upon our hearty friendliness. If a nation shows that it knows how to act with decency in industrial and political matters, if it keeps order and pays its obligations, then it need fear no interference from the United States. Brutal wrong-doing or impotence which results in the general loosening of the ties of civilized society may finally require intervention by some civilized nation, and in the western hemisphere the United States cannot ignore its duty."

Is not this unmistakably a threat that if any of the republics of Central or South America fails to "act with decency"—you being the judge—or if it fails to "keep order and pay its obligations" (as some of the states of our Union have failed to pay), it "need fear no interference from the United States;" but that if any or all of these states fail to live up to your standard of order and morality, "civilized society may finally require intervention," and that then "the United States cannot ignore its duty?"

In other words, you propose that you, as president of the United States, shall constitute yourself the supervisor and sponsor of all the turbulent, chronically revolutionary, bankrupt sham republics of the western hemisphere and will undertake to make them "act with decency" and pay their debts to the bondholders, speculators and usurers of Europe.

Can even the wildest imagination conceive a more grotesque, preposterous and dangerous perversion of the Monroe doctrine than is contained in this extraordinary proposition? It combines the bumbug of Barnum with the hypocrisy of Uriah Heep—and all to prove, as you say in your speech, that the non-interference doctrine of James Monroe is "a living reality."

If there could be devised a more effective perpetual invitation to war and trouble than this policy holds out, the imagination of diplomatists and the combative instinct of soldiers looking for a fight have not yet conceived it.

Can you wonder that the conservative business men of the country, who above all need stability and security in their affairs, want a president in the White House whose temperament, training and character will enable them to go to sleep at night without fear of waking on any morning and learning from startling headlines in the newspapers that the president has dispatched warships to Turkey, Morocco, Venezuela, China or where not, on insufficient information or with impossible demands—or has been cabling buncombe messages that he wants "Perdicaris alive or Raisuli dead," or ordering some of our southern neighbors to "act decently" and "pay their debts?"

Roosevelt the One Issue.

These being the results, the tendencies and the dangers of your administration and your policy, are we not right in saying that the paramount issue of the election is whether you, Mr. President, shall have a vote of approval, confidence and encouragement to go on in the course you have marked out? You would have the right to accept your election as a warrant from the people to continue, to increase and to intensify the executive acts which have amazed and alarmed the friends of peaceful, lawful and safe administration.

Our faith in the intelligence, the common sense and the conscience of the American people is too great to believe that they will give a commission for four years in his own name to the chance pilot who is now heading the ship of state toward the rocks upon which other republics have been wrecked—tolerated usurpations by the executive; warlike adventures for gain and glory; contempt for law; privileged classes sustained by election bribes; corruption in high places and extravagant expenditures from unjust taxes. Honor and prudence alike require a change of pilots and a return to the chart of the constitution, to the rule of law and the flag of a peace-loving republic.

Not for the democratic party, but for democratic institutions, is this written. Not against the republican party, but for the republic. Not in the interest of office-seekers against office-holders, but in that spirit of independent thought and action, inspired by a common desire for the public good, which has led to the extraordinary and most significant union in opposition to your candidacy of all the independent journals of the metropolis that advocated the election of Mr. McKinley in 1896.

THE TEN LIVING QUESTIONS.

The real, living, burning questions of the campaign are:

I.—Rough Rider or Judge?

Shall the people of the United States have for the next four years a personal or a constitutional government—the sovereignty of a party dictator or the sovereignty of the people—a Rough Rider or a Judge for chief magistrate?

II.—Reform the Tariff.

Shall the tariff never be revised except with the consent and under the direction of its beneficiaries—by "the friends of its abuses, its extortions and its discriminations"—or shall it be revised in a judicial spirit by "the friends of the masses and for the common weal?"

III.—Curb the Trusts.

Shall monopolies like the beef trust, controlling universal necessaries of life, continue to receive the protection of a sheltering tariff, and enjoy still longer indulgence in the non-enforcement of anti-trust laws by reason of their enormous contributions to party campaign funds and their potential influence with party leaders?

IV.—The Abuse of Power.

Shall the action of the president in ridding himself of the one successful trust prosecutor in order to placate the corporations—in making his former private secretary and head of the department of commerce a campaign fund solicitor from the very corporations he was appointed to "diligently investigate"—in appointing a railroad corporation official secretary of the navy, and a political agent of the Southern Pacific railway to the head of the department to supervise and curb corporations (all to aid in his own campaign)—shall this "surrender of the Rough Rider" be approved by the people?

V.—No Corporation Rule.

Shall the rule of corrupt corporations in politics and their controlling influence in government be further enlarged and confirmed by continuing in power a party closely allied with them by the granting of special privileges in the tariff, by the election of corporation agents to congress and to state offices, and through the reconstruction of the cabinet to meet their views?

VI.—Stop the Extravagance.

Shall we continue a policy of reckless extravagance, as evidenced by the expenditure of more than $2,500,000,000 during the last four years, or shall we return to a reasonable economy?

VII.—Check the Corruption.

Shall corruption bred of too long a lease of power, as instanced in the half-disclosed postal frauds, in the landoffice scandals, in the pension abuses, in the sale of offices and negotiation of corrupt public contracts by Senators Dietrich and Burton, in the purchase of a seat in the senate by the democrat, W. A. Clark, ratified by republican senators, and in the ascendancy and executive recognition of notorious corruptionists and professional spoilsmen, be condoned and continued?

VIII.—No "Big Stick" Bluster.

Shall the attitude of the United States toward foreign nations be that of a bully with a "big stick," and a chip on his shoulder, or shall we return to the policy of Washington and Jefferson—"Peace and friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none"—minding our own business and expecting other nations to do the same?

IX.—What Will the Filipinos Do To Us?

Shall we continue the malevolent effect upon ourselves of so-called "benevolent assimiliation" in the Philippines until it is too late to withdraw from that deplorable and un-American adventure in Asiatic colonialism, which becomes all the more dangerous the more we impose upon them the veneer of our civilization—and until the hybrid and forever alien races of those islands shall be incorporated into our body politic, to cast the die in our national conventions, as the delegate from Hawaii did at Kansas City in 1900, to participate in our elections, to sit in our congress and eventually to help to govern those who now by force impose upon them government without consent and taxation without representation?

X.—"Let Us Have Peace."

Shall we, 10 years after the end of the war, and after a complete reconciliation of the once hostile states, tear asunder by a revival of the sectional issue the bonds of fraternity and concord—and this when the people of the South have just secured the nomination of a conservative and sound-money democrat for president, and have given repeated instances of the strongest national and patriotic feeling?

NEW BISHOP COADJUTOR.

Boston, Aug. 3.—Edward Osborne, of this city, who has been elected bishop coadjutor of the diocese, of Springfield, Ills., is the superior of the American branch of the society of Mission Priests of St. John the Evangelist. The headquarters of the organization are at Oxford, England. He is 65 years old and is a native of England. For many years he was stationed at the missionary houses of the order in Africa and India. A dozen years ago he succeeded Right Rev. Arthur C. A. Hall, now bishop of Vermont, as head of the Boston branch. Later he was made superior of the order in the United States.

HEARING

Of the Case Against Edna Chandler Commenced.

The hearing of the case against Edna Chandler, charged with conducting an improper resort, was commenced before a jury in mayor's court this afternoon.

Mrs. Hiram Sanderson, Janesville—Our baby was never strong; our physician advised Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. One package made her strong, rosy and healthy. Thanks to your tea. H. F. Vortkamp.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

WORLD'S FAIR "HOME."

Mrs. S. Rice, formerly of Ada, has arranged to accommodate World's Fair visitors at her home at Kirkwood, a suburb of St. Louis at 5 cents fare, 35 minutes ride, on electric line lands you at either of three entrances. No dirt, dust or drinks in Kirkwood, no jams nor crowds. The "Home" has 50 rooms. Suburban train from Union depot brings you within two blocks of the "Home", corner Adams and Fillmore avenues. Rates $1.25 to $2.00 per day. American plan. Send for circulars.

aug 3-1mo

We Need the Room,

We Need the Money.

We are now going to give the greatest cut on new, up-to-date goods that has ever been offered in Lima, and the prices will sell the goods quickly. Cost will not be considered in this sale. Come in and look at the goods and get prices, and you will buy.

Tailor-Made Suits,
Dress Skirts,
Walking Skirts,

Waists, Dressing Sacques, Wrappers, Underwear, Hose, Corsets, Gloves, Collars, Belts, Pocket Books, Baby Dresses and

... All Trimmed Hats ...

at the prices we give, no one need to go without. Nothing old, all new and stylish goods. It will pay you to investigate; you will buy for less than the manufacturers make them.

Our line of black silk and pongee silk wraps for summer evenings is one of the finest ever shown in Lima.

LIGHT & CONNER,

134 North Main Street.

This is the Greatest Bargain Sale in the History of this store.

CARTER & CARROLL.

Telephone our Window Shade Man to call and give you an estimate on new shades

After Inventory Bargain Sale.

We have just finished our semi-annual invoice. As usual we find thousands of dollars worth of merchandise that must be turned into money. How can we do it? We know. If the people of Lima will visit our store the next three days they will find the greatest price reductions that ever met their gaze. The great price smashing is not confined to any one line but throughout the entire store.

It Will Pay You to Read Every Line of This Special Advertisement.

Ladies' Walking Skirt Sale.

$5.00 ladies' Walking Skirts only $2.98
$6.00 ladies' Walking Skirts only $3.98
$7.00 ladies' Walking Skirts only $4.98

The above skirts are new, made in the latest style and will appeal to you as the most wonderful bargain you ever saw in your life.

Ladies' Muslin Underskirts.

$1.00 quality ladies' white muslin underskirt, hemstitched flounce, tucked flounce and lace trimmed flounce, lace embroidered trimmed flounce. Sale price only 59c

Here is a Whopper, But It's True.

85c fancy striped silk woven beautiful quality, makes magnificent petticoats and jackets linings our very special sale price only a yard 19c

Unprecedented Matting Bargains.

15c quality of Chinese Matting 5c
19c quality of Chinese Matting 10c
25c quality of Chinese Matting 15c
35c quality of Chinese Matting 19c
40c quality of Chinese Matting 25c
50c quality of Chinese Matting 35c

Get your order in before they are all sold.

50c 7 ft. shades only 25c
25c 6 ft. window shades 10c
25c light window shades 5c

49c Instead of 88c.

Viyella English flannel.

Great Bargains in Silk Department.

75c shirt waist silk, only a yard 50c
50c black Japanese silk, only a yard 29c

Ladies' Silk Petticoats.

Any $6.50, $7.98, $8.98 and $10.00 ladies' fine silk petticoat at this sale, your choice for only ..$5.00

$2.00 grade 57x27 inch Rug $1.39
$2.50 27 inch Moquette Rug $1.85
$3.50 36 inch Moquette Rug $2.49
Bath Rugs and Porch Rugs one-half price.

9x12 room size Smyrna Rug $19.00
9x12 room size Body Brussels $21.00
9x12 room size Axminister $21.75
9x12 room size Selkirk $30.00

A Wonderful Taffeta Silk Bargain.

85c light blue and light nile taffeta silk only....29c

We will tell you why.

3½ and 4 yards Linen Table Cloths.

At this sale we offer another lot of $7.50, $8.50 and $10, fine Linen Table Cloths 3½ and 4 yds long, only $4.98.

Mighty Reductions in Lace Curtains.

$1.50 Nottingham Lace Curtains 98c
$1.00 Nottingham Lace Curtains 75c
$3.50 Irish Point Lace Curtains $1.25
$3.98 Saxony Brussels Curtains $1.25
$12.00 Curtains (2 pr. only) $5.00
$7.50 Irish Point Lace Curtains.....$3.75

Many lots of single curtains and odd pairs will be offered at less than ¼ the.....COST

Summer Silk Curtains.

$7.50 cross stripe curtains only $5.00
$10.00 cross stripe curtains only.....$7.50
$12.50 cross stripe curtains only $9.50

India Linen Bargains.

1,000 yards of 8c and 10c fine white India linen new sheer goods that we are over stocked with we name a price on the surplus to close out in a hurry.

ONLY A YARD 5c

Fine White Long Cloths.

2,000 yards of 10c and 12½c fine long cloth for this special sale we will sell per yard, only 8c

Price for a 12 yards bolt only.....90c

White Goods, Wash Goods and Domestic Bargains.

25c to 50c grade of black dotted white Swiss.
Sale price a yard 15c

25c to 50c qualities fancy Mercerized white goods.
Sale price a yard 15c

10c and 15c cotton wash dress goods, great value.
Sale price only a yard.....5c

38c to 40c plain silk Mulls, blue, black, green, red, pink and yellow a yard 25c

300 yards of 25c quality of white goods remnants, all lace stripes a yard 8c
75c ladies gingham petticoat 49c
$1.25 ladies' gingham petticoat 79c
$1.50 ladies' gingham petticoat.....98c
$2.00 ladies' gingham petticoat $1.19

Hosiery, Ribbon and Notion Bargains.

50c to 75c ladies' and children black lace mitts 19c

Odds and ends of ladies' silk plaited 50c to 75c hose 25c

10c gold plaited shirt waist sets (3 in a set)..5c
25c gold plaited eight inch hat pin 15c
$1.00 to $1.50 Keiser's hand made silk stocks.
Sale price 50c

One lot of ladies' and misses' 25c silk mitts..5c
1,000 yards black and colored wash taffeta ribbon 19c
25c real pearl shirt waist sets, only 15c
$2.25 ladies' black silk belts with cut steel buckles $1.00
50c grade of Keiser's hand made neckwear.
Sale price 29c

Goods are offered at such low prices that it will be a good investment to buy and lay aside until needed. These lots must go. We have named prices that will clean up this lot quick.

The Popular Cash Store.

CARTER & CARROLL,

Try the Cash Store. It Wins.

NEW

Equipment Was Ordered

For C. H. & D.

Five Thousand Freight Cars Coming,

Together With Forty New Engines and Some Passenger Equipment.

Question of Location for the General Headquarters of the System Not Yet Decided – News of the Railroads.

Before he left for New York yesterday afternoon, President Zimmerman, of the C. H. & D., outlined some of the improvements that will be made in the new C. H. & D. system, says the Enquirer. A large supply of 75 and 80 pound steel rails has *already* been ordered. At the New York meeting contracts will be signed for 40 new engines, 5,000 freight cars and a large amount of up-to-date passenger equipment for the system. Mr. Zimmerman, when asked again, "Will the headquarters be placed in Chicago?" replied: "I know nothing about that. Personally I would like to have them in Cincinnati." It is the general opinion that any preference that Mr. Zimmerman has in that regard will be overruled, and the railroad men generally believe that the system will be conducted from Chicago, although all the parties in interest declare that nothing definite has been decided upon. That the deal is closed and the only detail to be ratified is the agreement with the holders of the preferred C. H. & D. stock to buy it in at 110 is shown by the arrangement of the schedule for joint service over the C. H. & D. and C. and L.

Officials Doubt the Story.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 3.—Officials of the Lake Shore road are not inclined to credit reports circulated last night concerning a plot to dynamite and rob a passenger train on the Detroit division of that road. A telegram was received at the train despatcher's office in Detroit late last night, from an alleged detective bureau at Hannibal Mo., stating that a plot had been discovered in which it was the purpose of the gang of robbers to wreck and rob a Lake Shore passenger train at a point sixty miles south of Detroit.

Armed officers were hurriedly placed on all passenger trains out of both Toledo and Detroit. No attempt however, was made to interfere with the trains and the officials of the road now believe the telegram from Hannibal was a hoax. As a precaution however, it is probable that passenger trains on the Toledo-Detroit division will continue to carry armed guards at night for the time being.

Huntington Is Angry.

The announcement that the Erie railroad had contracted with the American Locomotive Works to repair 600 engines, has caused the Huntintgon, Ind., Democrat to become irate because it thinks the action a blow at the Huntington and other company shops. It says:

"The Erie 'farmed out' many engines this spring and summer to individual concerns at Chicago, Hammond and Lima, while the local shops here were working five hours a day, when not closed entirely. While individual shops were repairing these engines, a number of mechanics, machinists and boilermakers were stationed at each plant as inspectors for the Erie.

"The statement of any railroad official that the company can farm the work out cheaper and to better advantage than the company itself could do it is all bosh. If the company cannot accomplish the task then it is high time for the directors to call a meeting for the purpose of putting new officials in capable of managing the business in the stockholders' interest.

"Take for example the contract shops the Erie farmed engines out to this summer. They are in no manner equipped with machinery to compare with the various shops along the Erie system. Those shops do not contract to repair any number of engines unless they can figure on making a good stiff profit on each engine repaired.

"As most people are aware, contract shops pay good wages. They are obliged to in order to get and hold mechanics. Mechanics in the Erie shops receive from twenty-five to thirty cents an hour. Contract shops pay thirty-five cents and higher.

"This spring when Huntington business men met with officials of the Erie and through them the city tendered financial aid toward enlarging and equipping the local shops, an official at that meeting made the statement that it stood to reason that the Erie could repair her own engines cheaper and to better advantage than it could farm them out. He said that the Erie by buying material in large quantities for all the shops along the line could save the cost of repairs given to contract shops. The contract shops do not buy in quantities that a railroad system does and besides they have the cost of freight to pay, to say nothing about that on fuel, etc."

Bartholomew Resigns.

Ellis Bartholomew has resigned his position as president of the Toledo, Columbus and Cincinnati traction company and has been succeeded by E. C. Schinness, of Toledo. Mr. Schinness is now general manager of the Electric Package Co., of Northern Ohio, and is president of the Q. Express & Transportation Co., of Tledo.

CANNOT MOVE WITHOUT A NAME.

Stuckey's new moving carts all ready for action except a name for which we offer a prize of $5.00 to the person giving the most appropriate name. The plan is, date your letter, write the name, why you gave that name, keep a copy of your letter and do not sign your name. Watch for the name on the wagon and bring your duplicate letter to 608 south West street, and to the corresponding letter will be attached $5.00. Address Stuckey's storage, the furniture packers, 608 south west street, Lima, O. All answers to the above must be received by Monday evening, Aug. 8. 53-2t

SABBATH SCHOOL PICNIC.

A Sabahth school picnic is to be given by St. Paul A. M. E. church, at the fair grounds, August 10th, 1904. A cordial welcome is extended to the Sabbath school and members of Second Baptist church to join us in an outing with the children and members of both churches.

A. L. BYRD, Supt.
ELMER WHITE, Secretary.

"A woman can't keep a secret," declares the mere man.

"Oh, I don't know," retorts the flutter lady. I've kept my age a secret since I was 24."

"Yes, but one of these days you will give it away. In time you will simply have to tell it."

"Well, I think that when a woman has kept a secret for 20 years she comes pretty near knowing how to keep it."—Judge.

YARDS

Flooded With Live Stock.

Packers Say

They Will Import no More

Unskilled Labor as They Have all Raw Men They Can Use.

Situation in Great Meat Strike Seems to Be Settling Down to a Prolonged Siege on the Part of Strikers.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—The yards were flooded with live stock today.

Before the day's shipments arrived, there were 29,000 hogs in the pens, and between 2,000 and 3,000 cattle.

The sheep alone had all been sold.

The packers expressed the opinion that with supplies so heavy a good portion of the stock could not be handled by the packing plants until tomorrow. Today's receipts were as follows:

Cattle 6,500; hogs 12,000; sheep 14,000.

The packers announced today that they would attempt to import no more unskilled labor. They said they had all the raw men they needed and in the future would take on only a few skilled men.

This news was declared by the strikers to be a bait to them in the hope of breaking the union ranks.

Refuse to Handle Ice.

Determined to give all the aid possible to the strikers, the stock handlers and ice wagon drivers have refused to supply refrigerator cars of the strike affected packing plants.

Without ice the packers are unable to ship meat except for short hauls and cannot export any.

Non-union men are being pressed into the service, but their efforts are not sufficient. Armour and Co., have begun using fruit cars for shipping meat, but this is admitted a costly expedient.

FIGURES

Which Show Falling Off In Purchase of Live Stock.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Packers announced today that since the beginning of the strike the falling off in the buying of live stock has been 127,000 for cattle and 195,000 for hogs, as compared with July, and the early part of August last year. The decrease in the handling of cattle, however, is explained on the hypothesis that there is a scarcity of light weight animals, such as are used for canning. The heavy receipts are explained on the ground that the shippers had understood the assertions that the packers were doing from 60 to 85 per cent of normal business to mean that all branches of the industry were comprehended.

As a matter of fact, it is stated this applies to the dressed beef and constitutes not more that 50 per cent of the total normal business.

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea should be one of thetoilet necessaries of every lady of social prominence. Makes the face bright and sparkling. 35 cents, Ten or Tablets. H. F. Vortkamp.

PAYMASTER CAMPBELL HAS

Identified Italian Arrested Sunday as One of His Assailants — Suspect Had Money.

Altoona, Pa., Aug. 3.—Paymaster Patrick Campbell today positively identified the Italian arrested Sunday night as one of his assailants.

The hat, the coat and his face are the same, but I can't say about the trousers, they looked like corduroy to me. I'll swear he is one of them," said Campbell after looking him over from head to foot. Deli was brought here from Jonhston tdday by detectives. He was later taken to jail at Ebensburg. When arrested he had over $300 in his possession. The men arrested at the same time are not believed to be implicated.

Quick Relief for Asthma Sufferers.

Foley's Honey and Tar affords immediate relief to asthma sufferers in the worst stages and if taken in time will effect a cure. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp and Wm. M. Melville.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE
KEMP'S
BALSAM
BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

SURPRISE PARTY FOR

Continued from page 1.

tinued severe exertion. The demands of the presidential office upon the mental and physical vitality are so great so continuous and so exhausting, as to be wholly beyond the capacity of any man of [illegible].

The attempt by such a man to perform the duties of the office would with practical certainty be speedily followed by a complete breakdown both of body and of mind. In contemplating the remote possibility of the election of the democratic candidate for vice president the people of the country are bound to contemplate also as a necessary result of such an election in case of the president's death that others not chosen by the people and we know not who would govern in the name of a nominal successor unable himself to perform the constitutional duties of his office, or worse still that serious doubt whether the vice president had not reached a condition of [illegible] within the meaning of the constitution would throw the title to the office of president into dispute.

The serious effect of such an event upon the government and upon the business interests and general welfare of the country and the serious effect even of the continual menace of such an event must be apparent to every thoughtful mind.

In your election on the other hand this equal requirement will be fully met. In the full strength of middle life you are prepared for the exhausting duties of the presidency. Your successful and distinguished career, the ability and dignity with which you have already discharged the duties of high office, the universal respect and esteem of the people of Indiana who have delighted to honor you, the attachment of hosts of friends through our [illegible] — all assure us that you have the character and the ability to govern wisely and strongly should you become president. Many indeed among the people have already turned toward you as a suitable candidate to be elected directly to that great office.

It is the earnest wish of your party and of many good citizens who have no party affiliations that you shall accept this nomination, and that you shall be elected in November to be the next vice president of the United States. In expressing to you this wish we beg to add an assurance of our own personal respect, esteem and loyalty.

Senator Fairbanks was given another ovation as he rose to a [illegible] nomination. He said:

"Mr. Root and Gentlemen of the Committee: I thank you for the generous terms in which you have conveyed the official notification of my nomination for vice president of the United States. The unsolicited and unanimous nomination by the republican party is a call to duty which I am pleased to obey.

"I accept the commission which you bring with a profound sense of the exalted position for which I have been nominated. My utmost endeavor will be to discharge in full measure the trust if the action of the convention shall meet the approval of the American people.

The platform adopted by the convention is an explicit and emphatic declaration of principles in entire harmony with those policies of our party which have brought great honor and prosperity to our common country, and which if continued will bring us like blessings in the future.

"The monetary and economical policies which have been so forcibly re-announced lie at the very foundation of our industrial life and are essential to the fullest development of our national strength. They give vitality to our manufactures and commerce and if impaired or overthrown there would inevitably ensue a period of industrial depression, to the serious injury of the vast interests of both labor and capital.

"The republican party's [illegible] preserved the integrity of the republic and gave freedom to the oppressed never rendered a more important service to the country than when it established the gold standard. Under it we have increased our currency supply sufficiently to meet the normal requirements of business. It is gratifying that the convention made frank and explicit declaration of the inflexible purpose of the party to maintain the gold standard. It is essential not only that the standard should be as good as the best in the world but that the people should have the assurance that it will be so maintained.

"The enemies of sound money were powerful enough to suppress mention of the gold standard in the platform lately adopted by the democratic national convention. The leader of democracy in two great national campaigns has declared since the adjournment of the convention that as soon as the election is over he will undertake to organize the forces within the democratic party for the next national contest for the purpose of advancing the radical policies for which his element of the party stands. He frankly says that the money question is for the present in abeyance. In view of these palpable facts it is not the part of wisdom to abandon our vigilance in safeguarding the integrity of our monetary system. We must have not only a president who is unalterably committed to the gold standard but both houses of congress in entire accord with him upon the subject.

In congress and not with the president rests the supreme power to determine the standard of our money. Though the [illegible] should oppose, the congress acting within its independent constitutional authority could at any time overthrow or change the monetary standard.

"The wisdom of [illegible] policy finds complete justification in the industrial development of the country. This policy has been a most vital part of our industrial system and must be maintained unimpaired. When altered conditions make changes in schedules desirable, their modification can be safely entrusted to the republican party. If they are to be changed by the enemies of the system along free trade lines, uncertainty would take the place of certainty and [illegible] action would [illegible] follow to the injury of the wage earner and all who are profitably employed. Uncertainty undermines confidence and loss of confidence [illegible] stagnation and distress in commerce [illegible].

The [illegible]

Its enunciation [illegible] its nomination of a candidate for the presidency. During the last three years, President Roosevelt has been confronted with large and serious questions. These he has met and solved with high wisdom and courage. The charges made against him in the democratic platform finds an irrefutable answer in his splendid administration, never surpassed in all the history of the republic and never equalled by the party who seeks to discredit it.

"The election of the president is imperatively demanded by those whose success depends upon the continuance of a safe, conservative and efficient administration of public affairs. We have an ample record of deeds done of beneficent things accomplished in the public interest. The vast business of the government has been well administered. The laws have been enforced fearlessly and impartially. The treasury has been adequately supplied with revenue and the financial credit of the government was never better. Our foreign trade balance continues to increase our national wealth. We have adopted an irrigation policy which will build homes in the arid regions of the west. The Panama canal, the hope of centuries, is in course of construction under the sole protection of the American flag.

"We have peace and great prosperity at home and are upon terms of good neighborhood to the entire world. The conditions constitute the strongest possible assurance for the future.

"Later I shall avail myself of a favorable opportunity to submit to you, and through you, to my fellow citizens, a fuller expression of my views concerning the questions now in issue.

Permit me again to thank you and to express the belief that we may confidently submit our cause to the candid and patriotic judgment of our countrymen.

Other speeches were met with frequent outbursts of applause. As Senator Fairbanks concluded there were cordial greetings all around.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

NIAGARA FALLS $5.00

Round Trip From Lima Via Pennsylvania Lines.

August 4th is the date of the annual excursion to Niagara Falls. Round trip fare will be $5.00 from Lima. For particulars apply to J. W. Reed, ticket agent.

Better Than Gold.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles, that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by H. F. Vortkamp, druggist.

ANNUAL EXCURSION TO NIAGARA FALLS, ERIE RAILROAD, AUGUST 17TH.

Toronto, Atlantic City, Alexandria Bay, Chautauqua Lake and Cambridge Springs, can be made on this excursion.

W. S. MORRISON, Agt.

NO DEADHEADS HERE.

Many of the railroads in the south are very prone to giving passes indiscriminately so that on some of the smaller roads about all the prominent people who live along the line are carried free. Storekeepers, sawmill proprietors, politicians, in fact, almost everybody who can afford to pay his fare goes scot free, while the negroes and poor country folk pay the large fares exacted—the larger of course for the road's loss on the deadheads. One Georgia railroad, however, has set its face against the evil, and has resorted to scripture to make plain its position. It has posted in the two or three passenger cars that compose its equipment the following notice:

This means you.

Thou shalt not pass. Numbers xx., 18.

None shall ever pass. Isaiah xxxv., 10.

Suffer not a man to pass. Judges III, 29.

The wicked shall no more pass. Nahum I, 15.

This generation shall not pass. Mark XIII, 30.

Though they roar, yet they cannot pass. Jeremiah V, 22.

So he paid the fare and went. Jonah I, 3.—Boston Transcript.

BRIGHT REMARK CAME AT LAST.

Henry L. Merrick, who, until his death recently was the paragrapher on the Washington Post, was frequently invited to dinners and receptions in the hope that some of his scintillations might be heard there. "Pop" Merrick as he was known to his friends was not much of a talker.

At one reception all conversation turned toward him in the hope that he might make some bright remark. He did not, and finally his hostess came to him and said:

"Mr. Merrick, we thought you might say something bright, but you haven't said a word tonight hardly."

"Madam," Merrick replied haughtily, "your father is a dentist. Does he pull teeth at receptions?"—Boston Post.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

PAID

The Girl's Fine at the Works.

Chop Suey Boy

Contributes $28.75 to City of Lima

For the Release of a Depraved Female Prisoner at Toledo Works.

A Toledo Scribe Writes a Clever "Pipe" About a Chinese-American Romance—Identity of the "Chink" Learned.

The following appeared in last night's issue of the Toledo News-Press:

"A Chinese-American romance developed this morning under the very eyes of Superintendent Fred Ritter of the Toledo workhouse. As it stands it has progressed so far that it is suspected that Charlie Moy, described as an "influential, rich and generous Chinese-American resident of Lima," is assaulting the Allen county court house in search of a marriage license, permitting him to marry Allie Kaufman. He paid her fine and secured her release from the workhouse this morning.

"Miss Kauffman was brought to Toledo from Lima 30 days ago to serve a sentence of 30 days and to pay a fine of $28.75. She was convicted of being a common character. But the almond-eyed Moy likes her very much. This morning Moy, with his cut off and dressed in a white flannel outing suit, appeared before Harry Jones, secretary of the board of public service anxious to pay the fine of the girl and secure her release.

"Moy was all smiles when turned over to the workhouse superintendent, and the couple left the institution together, in company with another Americanized celestial.

"Moy's reputation is not confined to the commonplace of being a Lima laundryman. He is credited with having sporting blood of a deep rich red, is said to be a driver of fast horses and so plethoric that when a class of Lima high school girls graduated he gave to each a diamond ring to show that he played no favorites."

Inquiry among local Chino-Americans developed the fact that the "influential, rich and generous" Charlie Moy is the spaghetti artist employed at Fred Harrison's place on east Wayne street and inquiry at Harrison's place brought forth the information that Charlie is in Toledo and is expected to return to Lima tonight. In police circles the belief is that the woman in the case is one Ollie Coffil, who was recently sent to the Toledo works.

AN INTERRUPTED LESSON.

This story is told of a Washington school principal who was trying to make clear to his class the fundamental doctrines of the Declaration of Independence:

"Now boys," he said, "I will give you each three ordinary buttons. Here they are. You must think of the first one as representing life, of the second one as representing liberty, and the third one as representing the pursuit of happiness. Next Sunday I will ask you each to produce the three buttons and tell me what they represent."

The following Sunday, in accordance with his plan, the teacher interrogated his class on the subject of the buttons.

"Now, Johnnie," he said to the youngest member, "produce your three buttons and tell me what they stand for." Whereupon the youngster began to weep.

"I ain't got 'em all," he sobbed, holding out two of the buttons. "Here's life an' here's liberty, but mommer sewed the pursuit o' happiness on my pants."—Harper's Weekly.

ALL THE SAME.

"This preacher," remarked Mrs. Snarle, "declares that he will never again marry a fool or an idiot."

"He'll starve to death then," commented Mr. Snarle, "if he depends on marriage fees for his living."—New Orleans Item.

HIT HER HARD.

What says the busy mosquito,
In her squeaky soprano song?
Is she daring us to beat her
And if we hit her, is it wrong?
—Exchange.

Robert—Has your wife much curiosity?

Richard—Oh, an awful lot. If I began to tell her what you told me standing on this corner she wouldn't hear a word of what you said until I told her what corner we were standing on.—Indianapolis Journal.

THE FIRST BASEBALL

HOW THE GAME WAS PLAYED IN THE DAYS OF ITS INCEPTION.

Then a Man Could Be Put Out by "Soaking" Him With the Ball—The Umpire Took It Easy While the Teams Piled Up Half a Hundred Runs.

The first newspaper report of a baseball game that I remember reading was an account of a game played at Hoboken, N. J., in 1859. It appeared in an illustrated weekly and was such a novel and interesting event that the weekly gave a double page illustration.

There was no baseball schedules in those days. All that was needed was an occasion such as a Fourth of July celebration, a county fair, a house raising or some other event of that nature. The occasion for this particular game was the entertainment given to a team of English cricketers then touring this country. We had evolved a game from the old English "rounders," which we called baseball, and we wanted to show our cousins what a high old game it was.

It may have been the "humors of the day" editor who wrote the report, which was as follows:

"Baseball differs from cricket, especially in there being no wickets. The bat is held high in the air. When the ball has been struck, the 'outs' try to catch it, in which case the striker is 'out,' or, if they cannot do this, to strike the striker with it when he is running, which likewise puts him 'out.'

"Instead of wickets there are at this game four or five marks called bases, one of which, being the one at which the striker stands, is called 'home.'

"As at cricket, the point of the game is to make the most runs between bases. The party which counts the most runs wins the day."

The fact that the reporter thought it necessary to explain how the game was played indicates the extent of the public's knowledge of baseball at that time, and even he wasn't quite sure whether there were four bases or five. When he says a base runner may be put out by hitting him with the ball he makes no mistake, for that was an actual fact, and it was considered a good play on the part of a base runner to draw a throw from the pitcher, for usually the runner would dodge the throw and gambol around the bases while the fielders were hurrying after the ball. This rule was abolished as soon as the game became popular, for a baseman, instead of touching a runner with the ball, would often "soak" him at short range, which generally brought forth unprintable remarks from the soakee.

The artist in illustrating this game was not far behind the reporter. The picture shows us several hundred spectators, and with the exception of a few ladies and gentlemen seated in carriages, the only person sitting down in the entire assemblage is the umpire, and, as if to show the perfect tranquillity of his mind and his contempt for foul tips, he leans gracefully back in his chair with his legs crossed. The basemen, instead of "laying off," are standing, each with one foot on his base, and a base runner is "glued to third," although the pitcher is about to deliver the ball. In short, the general aspect of the field is enough to give the modern baseball captain nervous prostration.

The year 1870 saw baseball well established and deserving the title of national game. Of the amateur clubs the Harvard university team was one of the strongest, virtually defeating the famous Red Stockings in one game. The score stood 17 to 12 in Harvard's favor at the beginning of the ninth inning, and with two Reds out, Goodwin, the Harvard pitcher, was hit by a batted ball and injured. He recovered sufficiently to pitch the game out and then fainted, the Reds meanwhile piling up eight runs and winning. The game was played in Cincinnati.

Another notable achievement of a Harvard nine was the twenty four inning and no run game in 1877 with the Manchester (N. H.) club. In this game Catcher Tyng of the Harvards (yes, Jim Tyng, perennial Jim Tyng) made the unprecedented record of thirty-one put outs and three assists. While this game was interesting and exciting in its early part, it grew somewhat monotonous after the fifteenth inning, owing to the fact that the dead ball used became "punky," and the batsmen were unable to knock it outside the diamond. The pitching of Ernst amused the spectators, however, and I think Ernst must have been the pioneer contortion pitcher.

It was customary in those days for pitcher to stand erect and deliver the ball with the hand below the shoulder, but Ernst had a way of tucking the ball behind his back, looking over his right shoulder and elevating his left leg as he pitched. That seemed to the spectators a bad case of monkey business and always called forth derisive remarks from the small boys. His record of fifteen strike outs and but four flies knocked into the out fields as outs shows that he knew his business at all events.

The scores of a few games played by leading clubs in 1869 show that the player's occasional request for a substitute to run a few laps for him was not without reason.

Harvards, 39, Lowells, 16.

Clippers of Philadelphia, 87; Nationals, 9.

Lowells, 102; Andersons of Lynn, 8.

Cincinnatis, 70; Unions of St. Louis, 9.

Eckfords, 45; Atlantics, 25.

These are fair samples of the scores made by the best clubs. Those of some of the minor clubs oftentimes resembled the scores of a billiard match.—Outing.

We are agents for the famous little liver pills recently discovered by the venerable Dr. Dade of Chicago. Persons who have used Dade's pills will have no other. They cure constipation. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp.

B

FOR ECZEMA

If you are a sufferer from this dread affliction of the skin and want to see actual proofs, absolute and indisputable, that this disease, so long considered incurable, rapidly yields to the soothing and curative qualities of that most astonishingly effective medicament known as the

D. D. D. PRESCRIPTION

call at our store and we will be pleased to show you such evidence of its almost marvelous cures that will leave no doubt in your mind as to its absolute merits.

Violent case ultimately cured

251 Cherry Alley, Homestead, Pa.
My wife who has been a sufferer from eczema in a violent form for the last twelve years has been entirely cured by using your D. D. D. remedy for eight weeks, using ten bottles purchased from Frank Bros. Drug Co., after having spent several hundred dollars for other remedies.
W. W. HUSSER.

We not only sell at retail, but also supply druggists at wholesale prices. D. D. D. costs but $1.00 a bottle, and is guaranteed to cure or money refunded.

H. F. VORTKAMP.

$16.45 BOSTON, MASS., AND RETURN.

The Erie railroad will sell round trip tickets to Boston, August 12th 13th and 14th, with final limit September 30th, by deposit of ticket and payment of 50 cents. Tickets will be sold via New York and steamer for $18.35 and via New York and rail $19.10. Stopover allowed at New York on return trip on payment of one dollar. All tickets good for stop over at Niagara Falls, Jamestown, Chautauqua Lake and Cambridge Springs. Through car service to and from Boston, daily on Erie trains 3 and 4.

d-w aug 14th W. S. MORRISON, Agt.

Escaped an Awful Fate.

Mr. H. Haggins, of Melbourne, Fla., writes, "My doctor told me I had consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases by H. F. Vortkamp, druggist. Price 50c and $1. Trial bottle free.

Low Fares to California via Pennsylvania Lines During August and September.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania lines to San Francisco and Los Angeles, August 15th 27th inclusive, account Triennial Conclave Knights Templar, and August 28th to September 9th, inclusive, account Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F. For full information regarding fares, routes, etc., apply to local ticket agent, or to Geo. W. Weedon, district passenger agent, Cleveland, O.

til-aug15

Taken With Cramps.

Wm. Kirmse, a member of the bridge gang working near Littleport, was taken suddenly ill, Thursday night with cramps and a kind of cholera. His case was so severe that he had to have the members of the crew wait upon him and Mr. Gifford was called and consulted. He told them he had a medicine in the form of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy that he thought would help him out and accordingly several doses were administered with the result that the fellow was able to be around next day. The incident speaks quite highly of Mr. Gifford's medicines.—Elkader, Iowa, Argus.

This remedy never fails. Keep it in your home it may save life. For sale by all druggists.

Low Fares to the West via Pennsylvania Lines.

May 3, 17, June 7, 21, July 5, 19 August 2, 16, Home-Seekers' tickets will be sold to points in the west northwest, south and southwest, and Canada and Mexico. For further information, apply to ticket agents of Pennsylvania lines. 74-d&w-til aug16

Cholera Infantum.

This disease has lost its terrors since Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy came into general use. The uniform success which attends the use of this remedy in all cases of bowel complaints in children has made it a favorite wherever its value has become known. For sale by all druggists.

Violent Attack of Diarrhoea Cured by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and Perhaps a Life Saved.

"A short time ago I was taken with a violent attack of diarrhoea and believed I would have died if I had not gotten relief," says John J. Patton, a leading citizen of Patton, Ala. "A friend recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I bought a twenty-five cent bottle and after taking three doses of it was entirely cured. I consider it the best remedy in the world for bowel complaints. For sale by all druggists.

D. & B.

There are countless monograms, but none so indicative of refreshing, wholesome travel as the D. & B. the famous water route connecting Detroit and Buffalo between twilight and dawn—the lake and rail route to St. Louis. Your railway ticket, if issued by the Grand Trunk or Michigan Central railways, will be honored either direction. Send 2c. for World's Fair folder.

A. A. SCHANTZ,
Gen. Supt. & P. T. M.
July 18-tf Detroit, Mich.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a writ of execution issued out of the court of common pleas, within and for the county of Seneca and state of Ohio, and by me levied upon, the undersigned will offer at public auction at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

Saturday, August 20, 1904,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 12 o'clock, m., in the forenoon of said day, the undivided one-twelfth (1-12) interest of George J. Neher, in the following described leases and leasehold estates, to-wit:

The east ½ of the northeast ¼ of section (2) township (4) south, range (5) east, containing eighty (80) acres, more or less; also, the southeast quarter (¼) of the northwest quarter and the east quarter (¼) of the southwest quarter (¼) of section (35), town (3), range (5) east, containing eighty (80) acres, more or less; also, the north east quarter (¼) of the southeast quarter (¼) and the north half (½) of the south half (½) of the northeast quarter (¼) of section 35, town (3) range 5 east, and the south half (½) of the southwest quarter (¼) of the northeast quarter (¼), containing 100 acres, more or less; also, the east ½ of the south ½ of the south one-half of the northeast ¼ of section (35) town (3), range (5) east, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less; also the southeast ¼ of the northwest ¼ of the southeast ¼ of section (2) leased on the north by D. Adams and S. Miller; on the west by C. Hook and L. Sunderland; on the south by C. Hook and S. Miller, and on the east by W. W. Ely, I. Hook and J. R. Dersham, containing 109 57-100 acres, more or less, also, the west half of the southeast ¼ and the southeast ¼ of the southeast ¼ of section 35, containing 20 acres, more or less, also the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section (2), containing (40) acres, more or less, also, the north half of the northeast ¼ of the southeast ¼ of section 2, town (4) south, range 5 east, containing (20) acres, more or less, also, the south three fourths (¾) of the east half of the southeast ¼ of section 2, town (4) south, range (5) east containing (60) acres, more or less. Subject to the terms and conditions of the said several leases, together with a like interest in and to all oil wells, oil well supplies, equipment and material of every kind and nature whatsoever now located on said above described leases, or either of them and used in and about the operation and development thereof for oil and gas purposes situated in Amanda township, Allen county, Ohio.

Taken as the property of George J. Neher, at the suit of Frank P. Copper vs. W. Scott Wagner and George J. Neher.

Terms of sale: Cash.

E. J. BARR, Sheriff,
Allen County, Ohio.

CHARLES E. DERR,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

July 20, 1904. 241 wed-th-tt

APPLICATION FOR COMMUTATION

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of Ohio State Board of Pardons an application will be made for the commutation of Samuel Lobban, convicted at the spring term 1901, of the court of common pleas of Allen county of the crime of cutting with intent to kill and sentenced to imprisonment in the Ohio Penitentiary for the period of three and one half years.

(Signed) SAMUEL LOBBAN.
246-tu-wed-3 wks

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Mary Cunningham, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executrix of the estate of Mary Cunningham, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 11th day of July, A. D., 1904.

MARY CUNNINGHAM,
234-4w* Executrix.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Johanna Fitzmaurice, deceased. The undersigned have been appointed and qualified as executors of the estate of Johanna Fitzmaurice, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 8th day of July, A. D., 1904.

THOS. FITZMAURICE,
NELLIE FITZMAURICE,
Wm. FITZMAURICE,
THOS. FITZMAURICE.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Mariah S. Whitehers, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed qualified as administrator with will annexed of the estate of Mariah S. Whitehers, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 9th day of July, A. D., '04.
32-fri-sat-4wks. J. P. BAKER.

NOTICE FOR PAROLE.

Notice is hereby given that Nathaniel Glovier, a prisoner now confined in the Ohio State Reformatory, is entitled, under the law and rules governing paroles from said institution, to recommendation to the board of managers by the superintendent and chaplain as worthy of consideration for parole. Said application will be for hearing on and after July 29th, 1904.

tu-wed-3wks-34.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Emanuel Douglass, residing at Beaver street, Allegheny, Pa., will take notice that on the 28th day of June, 1904, Mattie L. Douglass filed her petition in the court of common pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, being cause No. 11955 praying a divorce from said Emanuel Douglass, on the ground of gross neglect of duty, and that said cause will be for hearing on and after August 12th, 1904.

MATTIE L. DOUGLASS,
Richie & Richie, Attorneys.
June 29-thu-fri-6wks.

IT IS FOR LADIES, TOO.

They Can Stop Their Hair Falling Out With Herpicide.

Ladies who have thin hair and whose hair is falling out, can prevent the hair falling out, and thicken the growth, with Newbro's "Herpicide." Besides, Herpicide is one of the most agreeable hair dressings there is. Herpicide kills the dandruff germ that eats the hair off at the root. After the germ is destroyed, the root will shoot up, and the hair grow long as ever. Even a sample will convince any lady that Newbro's Herpicide is an indispensable toilet requisite. It contains no oil or grease, it will not stain or dye. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

Wm. M. Melville, Special Agent.

Money on Easy Terms.

We Loan on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Etc.	We Offer Best Terms, Quick Service, Absolute Privacy.

We Loan from $10 upward and Leave the Security in your Possession.

Lima Chattel Loan Co.,

Both 'Phones. 209 Opera House Blk.

Union Barber Shop.
1 FIRST-CLASS BARBERS
—and—
BEST BATH ROOMS IN THE CITY.
RANEY & SHEPARD
Metropolitan Barber Shop

JOHN M. BOOSE,

The Leading Real Estate and Loan Broker.

Homes and vacant lots for sale in all parts of the city. Rents collected and estates managed. Money to loan at the lowest possible rate of interest. Notary public in office. Room 201 Black Block. Both Phones.

MONEY TO LOAN

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST, with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call.

C. H. FOLSOM,
Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 2 and 3, Holmes Block.

C. H. & D. RAILROAD.

No.	South Bound	
7	Daily, leaves	2.10 a m.
11	Daily ex Sunday, leaves	5.30 a m.
1	Daily ex Sunday, leaves	9.05 a m.
5	Daily, leaves	12.41 p m.
3	Daily, leaves	4.10 p m.
9	Daily, leaves	6.10 p m.
13	Daily	11.30 p m.
65	Sunday only	7.10 a m.
	North Bound.	
12	Daily, leaves	2.35 a m.
14	Daily	5.30 a m.
2	Daily, leaves ex Sunday	7.55 a m.
6	Daily, leaves	12.02 p m.
4	Daily ex Sunday, leaves	4.40 p m.
8	Daily, leaves	7.25 p m.
10	Daily ex Sunday ar only	9.35 p m.
60	Sunday only, leaves	7.43 p m.
68	Sunday only arr. only	9.55 p m.

ERIE RAILROAD.

No.	East Bound	
48	Daily	12.33 a m.
8	Daily	4.05 a m.
22	Daily ex. Sunday	8.21 a m.
4	Daily	5.58 p m.
14	daily except Sunday	9.32 p m.
	West Bound.	
7	Daily	12.55 a m.
9	Daily	1.52 a m.
21	Daily ex. Sunday	8.41 a m.
3	Daily	11.35 a m.
13	Daily ex. Monday	4.36 p m.

No. 21 makes connection with Clover Leaf at Ohio City.

East bound night train No. 48 makes flag stops at Harrod and Alger.

Nos. 9 and 48 are new trains between Buffalo and Chicago.

P. F. W. & C.

In effect, May 15, 1904.

No.	East.	
24	Pittsburg Special	12:51 a m
6	Daily	7:25 a m
36	Daily	9:40 a m
30	Daily, Except Sunday	2:15 p m
22	Daily	6:55 p m
8	Daily	9:30 p m
2	Daily Limited	11:09 p m
	West.	
15	Daily	1:45 a m
5	Daily Limited	3.00 a m.
39	Daily Except Sunday	9:28 a m.
23	Daily, no coaches	10:23 a m.
9	Daily	2:40 p m.
35	Daily to St. Louis	5:05 p m.

J. W. REED, Agent.

DETROIT SOUTHERN.

Change of time on Detroit Southern Railroad, in effect January 31, 1904:

No.	Going South.	
1	Daily ex. Sunday	2:25 pm.
3	Daily ex. Sunday	6:00 am
21	Sunday only	2:25 pm.
	Going North.	
2	Daily ex. Sunday	10:55 am
4	Daily ex. Sunday, ar	8:25 pm.
22	Sunday only, ar	10:55 am

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 run between Detroit, Mich., and Bainbridge, O.

Trains Nos. 3 and 4 between Lima, Ohio, and Ironton, Ohio.

Trains Nos. 21 and 22 run Sunday only, between Lima, O. and Bainbridge, Ohio.

L. E. & W. R. R.

No.	West.	
1	Daily, leaves	9:55 a m
5	Daily, leaves	4:23 p m.
3	Daily ex. Sunday, leaves	4:30 a m
7	Daily ex. Sunday, arrives	9:10 p m
	East.	
8	Daily ex. Sunday, leaves	6:50 a m.
4	Daily, leaves	12:50 p m.
2	Daily, leaves	5:55 p m.

CROPS.

Encouraging Were Conditions

During Week

Which Ended With August Third.

Corn Crop, as Whole, Has Made Good Progress and Promises Favorable.

Reports Respecting Spring Wheat Are Excellent From All Sections, Except in North Dakota.

Washington, Aug. 3.—The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows:

"Very favorable temperatures prevailed during the week ending August 1st, in nearly all districts, and while drouthy conditions are beginning to be felt over a limited area in the central valleys and southern states, the rain fall has been generally ample for crop needs.

"Corn has experienced a week of favorable temperature, and while needing rain in portions of the Ohio, central Mississippi and Missouri Valleys, the crop, as a whole, has made good progress and continues in promising condition. Threshing winter wheat had advanced under favorable weather conditions in the central valleys, but frequent rains have interfered with it in the middle states. The quality and yield of grain are proving disappointing in the lower Mississippi valley where the crop suffered much from excessive rains during the period of harvest. Very favorable reports respecting spring wheat are now more pronounced as well as more general than in the previous week, rain being more or less prevalent in the spring wheat states. In portions of Minnesota and North Dakota, however, a good crop is promised. Harvesting is in progress in Iowa, Nebraska and South Dakota and will begin about the fifth in Minnesota. Harvest is also in progress with better yield than was expected.

"In Washington, spring wheat is ripening somewhat too rapidly. Harvest is in general progress in the more northerly section and is largely finished in the central and southern districts. Rust has caused damage in North Dakota and portions of Minnesota, and rains have proved injurious to oats in Maryland, Delaware and New Jersey.

"In the lower Missouri, central Mississippi and Ohio valleys and over the southern portion of the middle Atlantic states, the outlook for apples continues unpromising, but prospects for this crop are encouraging in the north Atlantic states, New England and portions of the lake region.

"The condition of tobacco is less favorable in the Ohio valley where much of the crop is in need of rain, but from Virginia northward tobacco has made good growth and topping is in progress. Curing is progressing in the Carolinas, the crop in North Carolina being much lighter than usual.

"Rains have interrupted haying and damaged hay in the middle Atlantic states, but elsewhere a large crop of generally fine quality has been mostly secured.

"Plowing for fall seeding has commenced in the middle Atlantic states, southern Illinois and Oklahoma."

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All druggists will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant, safe and reliable.
July-4m.

A GAZETTEER OF DELAWARE.

The doughty little state of Delaware, the first of the thirteen original states to adopt the constitution, contains 184,735 loyal inhabitants, of whom only 7.5 per cent are foreign born. This and many other statistical and geographical facts are contained in "A Gazetteer of Delaware," compiled by Mr. Henry Gannett and recently published as bulletin No. 230 by the United States Geological Survey.

The Gazetteer contains a list, alphabetically arranged, of all the stations, villages, towns, cities, creeks, rivers, and counties in the state, with a brief description of each. A general description of the state precedes the Gazetteer proper.

Next to the surprisingly small foreign population, considering the location of the little state along the Atlantic shore, the most significant figures given are those relating to the percentage of illiteracy. Of the total population 10 years of age and over, 12 per cent are unable to read and write. This illiteracy is found, however, mainly among the negroes. The illiterate element of the whites consisted in 1900 of only 7 per cent of the whole number, while that of the negroes constituted 38 per cent. The state contains 30,679 negroes, five-sixths of the population being white.

Almost one-half of the entire number of inhabitants over 10 years of age are engaged in gainful occupations. Of the males not less than 81 per cent are wage-earners and of the females not less than 18 per cent. Those engaged in manufacturing occupations constitute 31 per cent, those in domestic and personal service 22 per cent, those in trade and transportation 16 per cent, and those in the professions 4 per cent.

In 1900 there are 9687 farms in the state, of which more than nine-tenths were operated by white farmers. Half of these were operated by their owners, the other half by tenants. The average size of the farms was 110 acres, which is considerably less than the average size of the farms throughout the country. The average value per farm of all farm property was $1201, and the value of products not fed was $659.

The total number of manufacturing establishments in the state in 1900 was 1417, with a total capital of $41,203,239 and 22,502 employees.

This bulletin may be obtained free of charge on application to the director of the United States Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

WIERD

Story Told By New York Boy.

For Miles He

Held Dying Man on a Freight Car.

Victim Had Been Struck by Tunnel Arch and Cannot Recover.

Accident Happened After Lad Had Been Held Up and Robbed of All His Earthly Possessions, by Tramp.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Aug. 3.—After holding a struggling, dying companion on the roof of a freight car for many miles over the New York Central, Robert Buchanan, a New York boy, appeared in the freight yards here and asked a brakeman to take the dying man from the roof of the car.

The boy had worked for and lived with an elder brother, but in consequence of a disagreement with him decided to leave home. He boarded a freight train in New York to go to Albany, where he thought he might get work. A little later a man climbed into the car and asked for a chew of tobacco.

"I told him that I had no tobacco," said the young man, "and he then drew a revolver, pointed it at my head and told me to throw up my hands. I did so, and he went through my pockets and got twenty cents, all the money I had. Then he passed on over the train.

At Spuyten Duyvil the train stopped and a negro got into the car. We talked together, and when the train stopped at Peekskill we walked over the top of it toward the locomotive. I remember going through two tunnels. Then I was struck by the wires that indicated another tunnel and I dropped quickly. The negro, who was ahead of me was struck by the tunnel arch and thrown back against me so hard that he almost knocked me off.

"He was unconscious and his head was terribly cut. I laid him down upon the top of the car. After while he became conscious and tried to get on his feet and I had to hold him down with all my strength. It was at least three quarters of an hour before the train stopped in the freight yards in this city. A watchman called an ambulance and took the negro to a hospital, where he gave the name of John Miller. His face and head were crushed and one eye was gone. His injuries are so severe he cannot recover."

COMFORTING WORDS.

Many a Lima Household Will Find Them So.

To have the pains and aches of a bad back removed; to be entirely free from annoying dangerous urinary disorders is enough to make any kidney sufferer grateful. To tell how this great change can be brought about will prove comforting words to hundreds of Lima readers.

Mrs. C. A. Clapsaddle, of 980 west North street, says: "I had a dull aching pain across my loins, felt tired and worn out all the time and often was hardly able to keep around. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, I went to Melville's drug store and procured a box; the use of the remedy greatly benefitted me. I can honestly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills for they strengthened me generally."

For sale by all dealers; price 50c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

THE BRITISH FIGHTING FORCES.

Kansas City Star.—It is not probable that the program for cutting down the British army by abolishing nineteen battalions will be seriously considered pending the strained relations between Great Britain and Russia. While it is not at all likely that hostilities will result from the seizures at sea, there is always the instinct of caution when there is even a remote possibility of war from a prevailing condition. It would seem that a few battalions might, however, be spared according to this recent estimate of King Edward's fighting establishment: "We have 213,000 men on the home establishment; we have 77,000 British soldiers in India, 157,000 Indian soldiers; various colonial contingents amounting to 18,000 men; a reserve of 74,000 men; we have 240,000 volunteers and 90,000 militia, and 28,000 yeomanry. In addition, we maintain 127,000 men for the navy and 45,000 men for the naval reserve. Adding all these figures together we get a total of 1,070,000."

Prisons In Japan.

Prisons in Japan resemble large country houses with many outbuildings and do not, either in the solidity or details of their construction, wear a penitentiary aspect. The prisoners get food in proportion to their conduct and industry. Those who do not behave will get a cake of rice, which must last them seven days. For the deserving it is the ration for but four days, and they get with it also a little horse meat and potato or pea sauce. The labor is compulsory, but not severe, and the prisoner gets part of his earnings, though it amounts to little. The discipline is military, and serving a term in prison does not impose an indelible stigma. Systematic efforts are made to improve the prisoners. All the youths under nineteen years pass two hours each day in school. Even when their term of sentence is over they cannot be released till a surety is found for their subsequent good behavior. Till this is provided they must remain in prison and may do so for indefinite periods.

Merry Divorce.

Recently a worthy couple of Zurich, who had been married for several years, decided to get a divorce, and no sooner had the court annulled their marriage than they proceeded to show their friends how rejoiced they were at the news. The two principals went arm in arm to a leading hotel, where they ordered a supper for several guests, and a few hours later a merry party assembled there and did not break up until after midnight.

Those present say that the gentleman who had just been freed from his wife and who, by the way, paid for the supper was wonderfully gallant to her during the entire evening, paying her more attention than any other woman, and that she, too, seemed just as happy as though she had just been married.

Quaint Story of Victor Hugo.

In the diary of Sir Montstuart Grant Duff the following story is told regarding Victor Hugo: An ardent admirer once said to Hugo: "The nation has never treated you quite properly; no street has been called after you; there ought to be a Rue Victor Hugo." "That will come, my children; that will come," said the master. Then another disciple took up the running and said: "A street! That indeed would be nothing; a whole quarter of the city should be called after you." "That will come, my children; that will come," said the master. Thereupon a third disciple joined in: "Paris should cease to be Paris, and be renamed City of Victor Hugo." "That will come, my children; that will come," said Hugo serenely.

Reflected Light.

A dead white surface has decided advantages for reflecting light over a looking glass or a bright surface. Good white blotting paper reflects back 82 per cent of the light cast upon it. Many persons are under the impression that a looking glass must be a better reflector than paper or whitewashed surface because with looking glass a strong shadow can be cast, while from a dead surface no heavy shadow is obtained. The reason is not so much that the reflected light is less from the dead surface, but that the reflection is concentrated in the case of the looking glass. With paper or whitewash it proceeds from a vast number of points.—New York News.

Curious Advertisements.

Some of the Japanese tradesmen in the smaller towns of Nippon have a curious way of advertising their business. On their right forearms they tattoo figures—the shoemaker a shoe, the woodcutter an ax, the butcher a cleaver. Underneath these emblems are such inscriptions as "I do my work modestly and cheaply," and "I am as good at my trade as most of my fellows." When they are looking for work they bare their arms and walk about the streets.

The Ruby as a Fruit.

The people of Burma believe that the ruby is a kind of fruit which will ripen if you give it time. They say that most rubies do not ripen simply because they are not allowed to do so. If you want to "ripen" the ruby in your ring, according to the Burmese idea, you must take your ring and lay it in the sun for one month without disturbing it at all, and at the end of that time it will be "ripe" and good to eat.

Two Pairs.

Mrs. Egerton Blunt—But why did you leave your last place? Applicant—I couldn't stand the way the mistress and master used to quarrel, mum. Mrs. E. B. (shocked)—Dear me. Did they quarrel very much then! Applicant—Yes, mum. When it wasn't me an' 'im it was me an' 'er.

His Wanderings.

Stranger—What wonderful tales old Blinks relates! He must have been a great traveler in his day. Native—He was never outside the county in his life, but, you see, his mind has wandered for years.

Vanity, Not Love.

Eleanor—She is very fond of him, isn't she? Gladys—Well, I don't think she's as fond of him as she is fond of having people remark that he is fond of her.

Useless.

Noggs—And a cure for insomnia is— Physician (facetiously)—An old fashioned remedy is to count 500. Noggs—Very good, but our baby can't count.—Home Notes.

It is considered that Japanese men are among the best needleworkers in the world, their only equals being the women of Russia.

I find nothing better for liver derangement and constipation than Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.—L. F. Andrews, Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by all druggists.

Wiggle-Stick (Patented.)
Laundry Blue
At All Grocers

Won't Freeze
Won't Break
Won't Spill
Won't Spot Clothes
Costs 10 Cents, Equals 20 Cents worth of any other kind of bluing
Wiggle-Stick is a stick of soluble blue in a filter bag inside a perforated wooden tube, through which the water flows and dissolves the color as needed.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
Wiggle-Stick around in the water.
Manufactured only by
THE LAUNDRY BLUE COMPANY, Chicago

Low Fares to California via Pennsylvania Lines..

August 15th to 27th inclusive, and 28th to Sept. 9th inclusive, excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles, account Triennial Conclave of Knights Templar and Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines. For full information regarding fares, routes, etc., apply to local ticket agent of those lines, or to S. W. Weedon, district passenger agent, Cleveland, O.

A PHYSICIAN HEALED.

Dr. Geo. Ewing, a practicing physician of Smith's Grove, Ky., for over thirty years, writes his personal experience with Foley's Kidney Cure: "For years I had been greatly bothered with kidney and bladder trouble and enlarged prostrate gland. I used everything known to the profession without relief, until I commenced to use Foley's Kidney Cure. After taking three bottles, I was entirely relieved and cured. I prescribe it now daily in my practice and heartily recommend its use to all physicians for such troubles. I have prescribed it in hundreds of cases with perfect success." Many persons in this community are suffering from kidney complaint who could avoid fatal results by using Foley's Kidney Cure. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp and Wm. M. Melville.

OIL MARKET.

Penna. oil	$1.50
Tiona oil	1.65
Corning oil	1.30
New Castle oil	1.37
North Lima oil	1.00
South Lima oil	.95
Indiana oil	.95
Somerset oil	.95
Ragland oil	.58
Kansas Oil.	
South Neodesha	.88
North Neodesha	.68
Kansas Heavy	.41
Bartlesville	.88
Texas and Canada.	
Corsicana (light)	.70
Corsicana (heavy)	.40
Canada	1.52

Nearly Forfeits His Life.

A runaway almost ended fatally, started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

$16.45 BOSTON AND RETURN.

August 12th, 13th and 14th. Erie railroad.

$18.35 via New York and sound steamers.

$19.10 via New York and rail. Stopovers allowed. Phone 60.

d&w-til aug 11.

Bee's LAXATIVE Honey and Tar is different from all other cough syrups. It contains antiseptic properties to destroy the germs, solvent properties to cut the phlegm, and laxative properties to cleanse the system. Bee's LAXATIVE Honey and Tar is a pleasant, permanent cure for all coughs, colds, lung and bronchial affections. H. F. Vortkamp.

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION.

August 4th the Date. $5.00 Rate; Pennsylvania Lines the Route.

Full particulars about the annual excursion to Niagara Falls will be furnished upon application to J. W. Reed, ticket agent, Pennsylvania lines, Lima.

Sick Headache.

"For several years my wife was troubled with what physicians called sick headache of a very severe character. She doctored with several eminent physicians and at a great expense, only to grow worse until she was unable to do any kind of work. About a year ago she began taking Chamberlain's stomach and liver tablets and today weighs more than she ever did before and is real well," says Mr. Geo. E. Wright, of New London, New York. For sale by all druggists.

COLUMBUS AND RETURN $1.00.

From Wapakoneta, next Sunday via Ohio Central lines. may-24-eod-oct29

Cameo Cutting.

Before the discovery of onyx as the material specially adapted for cameo cutting the ancients cut them on soft stones, eggshells and other materials. The Greco-Roman, and especially the Augustan, period was rich in cameos, and almost every great Roman wished to have his portrait cut in onyx. One of these, an exquisite portrait of Emperor Augustus Caesar himself, is perhaps the finest existing cameo. Such portrait cameos were practically indestructible, except by accident. Some large cameos—the "Triumph of Bacchus" at the Vatican, the "Agate de Tibere" at Paris and the "Gemma Augesten" at Vienna—are splendid works of art.

There was a change from the classical and mythological designs of Greco-Roman times to Christian themes in the fourth century, when Constantine the Great became a Christian.

At the renaissance classical art recovered its lost position. Renaissance cameo cutters were very skilled workmen, but in spite of their general high level they did not succeed in making any very important cameo, although the "Hymeneal Procession of Eros and Psyche" realized a high price.

Fact and Poetry.

An English fox hunter of celebrity had been asked by a publisher for a book of reminiscences. "But I've never written a word for publication," he said deprecatingly. "Of course, I've had adventures in the field in plenty, but"—

"Have you never had any connection with literature?" asked the publisher.

The master of the hunt shook his head.

"By Jove, yes, I have!" he exclaimed, his face lighting up. "Years ago Whyte-Melville came to me with a hunting poem he had written. For my criticism, he said. I read it through, and told him it was good, only there was one place where he was a little off. 'Hounds have broth, not soup,' said I."

"Well?" said the publisher hopefully.

The master of hounds looked grave again. "I don't think that counts," he said reluctantly. "The next line ended in 'whoop,' and Whyte-Melville rejected my suggestion."

A Drop In Values.

An odd story of Emerson was told the other day by a Cambridge man.

"A New York woman," he said, "called on Emerson one morning. The philosopher was reading in his study, and near him on a plate there lay a little heap of cherry stones. The visitor slipped one of the cherry stones into her glove. Some months later she met Emerson at a reception in Boston. She recalled her visit to him, and then she pointed to the brooch she wore—a brooch of gold and brilliants with the cherry stone set in the center.

"'I took this stone from the plate at your elbow on the morning of my call,' she said.

"'Ah!' said Emerson. 'I'll tell my amanuensis of that. He will be pleased. The young man loves cherries, but I never touch them myself.'"

A Pioneer Patentee.

It is rather remarkable that the first patent taken out in America should have been secured by an Englishman. It was in the middle of the seventeenth century that an Englishman named Jenk secured a monopoly in America for the sale of a hand machine for extinguishing fires which he had invented in England some years previously, but did not test its practical working until he migrated to America. The monopoly only lasted for fourteen years, but Jenk made a very ample fortune out of his sales of the apparatus.—London Tatler.

A Costly Ton of Coal.

On Jan. 10, 1789, thirteen men brought a wagon with a ton of coal from Loughborough, in Leicestershire, to London as a present to the then Prince of Wales. When the coal was emptied into the cellar the clerk of the cellars gave them 4 guineas, and as soon as the prince was informed of it his highness sent them 20 guineas and ordered them a pot of beer each man. They performed their journey, which is 111 miles, in eleven days and drew the coal all the way without any relief.—London Tit-Bits.

Infinitesimal Webs.

Mexico, the land of Montezuma, prickly pears, sand, volcanoes, etc., has many subtropical wonders both in vegetable and animal life. Among these latter is a species of spider so minute that its legs cannot be seen without a glass. This little araneida weaves a web so wonderfully minute that it takes 400 of them to equal a common hair in magnitude.

Keeping Score.

Mrs. Honeymoon (to husband, in railway train)—Do you love me? Old Party (confidentially from other seat to bridegroom)—She's asked you forty-seven times already. I get out here, but I'll leave the score with this gentleman by the window.

An Early Answer.

Mistress—Why don't you put off your letter writing until after breakfast? Maid—Please, ma'am, whin me cousin wrote to me he said he wanted me to wroite him an answer as early as possible.

Euphony.

"Why did you ever name your daughter Clytemnestra?"

"Oh, I dunno, except that my wife seemed to think it would go well with Sniggs."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Telephone Shocks.

She—Is it possible to receive a shock through the telephone? He—Sure. But the shock usually depends upon who is at the other end of the line.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

ManZan is certainly a specific for Piles. This new discovery is put up in a collapsible tube, with nozzle, so it may be applied where most needed. Stops the pain instantly and cures. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp.

Perfection Wafers
The Native Wheat Flavor!
That is the good part about
Perfection Wafers.
They are made differently and taste different from all other crackers. Try one and you'll buy a pound.
Also note the crispness, the lightness, the fine grain.
Verily they melt in your mouth. Cost no more than the ordinary cracker.
Sold by all grocers.
MADE ONLY BY
PERFECTION BISCUIT COMPANY,
Fort Wayne, Indiana.
ACTUAL SIZE
Look for P. W. on every cracker.

$3.00 SAVED
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND WEST
VIA THE D&B LINE.
"Just Two Boats" BETWEEN DETROIT & BUFFALO
Daily Service

DETROIT & BUFFALO STEAMBOAT CO.
THE LAKE AND RAIL ROUTE
WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS
DAILY SERVICE, MAY 26th
DETROIT AND BUFFALO
Leave DETROIT Daily - 4.00 P. M.
Arrive BUFFALO " - 7.30 A. M.
Leave BUFFALO Daily - 5.30 P. M.
Arrive DETROIT " - 7.30 A. M.
RAIL TICKETS HONORED ON STEAMERS

Niagara Falls, Toronto, Jamestown, Chautauqua Lake, Cambridge Springs.

Alexandria Bay, Atlantic City and Philadelphia. These points can be reached on the Erie Niagara Falls Excursion, August 17th. See agent for information. eod&w

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE.

$8.40 $8.40
CHAUTAUQUA LAKE and RETURN
All Trains.
JULY 29th.
ERIE RAILROAD.
Call 'phone 60.

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT 4½ TO 6 per cent FROM ONE TO ten years, in sums of $500 and upward, on FARM LANDS or LIMA CITY PROPERTY. Privilege of paying $100, or any multiple thereof, at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE.
D. C. HENDERSON,
Rooms 208-210 Holland Blk.

T. H. Bizzell.
Poultry, Fish and Game in Season.
312 South Main Street,
LIMA, OHIO.
BOTH PHONES.

CASTORIA
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.
What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.
GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ONE

Wife Secures Her Divorce

And Another

Appears as Plaintiff With Strong Plea.

Judge Mathers Held a Mid-Summer Session to Accommodate Attorneys.

Case of Property Holders Against the City Was to Have Been Heard, But a Settlement Is Now Promised.

Judge Mathers, of Sidney, who was transacting business at Wapakoneta today, came on to Lima in response to a request from local attorneys, and expected to have up for hearing an application for a temporary injunction in which property holders on Bellefontaine avenue are plaintiffs and the city defendant. The case was continued, but the Judge found business to engage his attention for a part of the afternoon.

Proehl and Eastman presented the case of Elsie Fagan, who applied some time ago for a divorce from Wm. Fagan. The judge heard the evidence and granted the decree on the ground of gross neglect and habitual drunkenness for more than three years. The divorced wife went back to the name of her former husband, Wiegel, by whom she had several children. Fess and Rogers represented the plaintiff.

A New One Docketed.

Bertha Long is the latest applicant for a divorce. She was married to Adelmus Long, May 14, 1887, and has two children, Harry, aged 16 and Ruth aged 10. She charges that the defendant has failed to provide for his family for more than four years, although fully able to do so, and she has had to keep herself and children as best she could through her own exertions.

May Settle It.

The case in which the city was made defendant by the abutting property holders on Bellefontaine avenue, may be settled satisfactory to all, and the injunction asked for an account of the alleged heavy assessment, dismissal. Judge Mathers was to have heard the case this afternoon, but Welty and Downing, who represented the complainants and City Solicitor Bentley agreed to let it go over, pending an offer to see that justice was done in the premises.

BASE BALL.

Lima Team Will Play at Findlay Tomorrow.

Two New Players Added to the Line-up—No Games Played in Nat'l League Yesterday.

The Lima base ball team will play at Findlay tomorrow, at Defiance on Friday and the team from the latter town will play here Saturday and Sunday. The local team has been strengthened by the signing of "Diddy" Burns, a clever infielder from the Sidney team, and Teal, a general utility man from the Urbana team.

National League.

Philadelphia-Cincinnati, rain.
Boston-St. Louis, rain.
New York-Chicago, wet grounds.
Brooklyn-Pittsburg, wet grounds.

Games Today.

Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Chicago at New York.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Boston.

How They Stand.

Clubs.	Won	Lost	PC
New York	62	24	721
Chicago	53	34	609
Cincinnati	52	37	584
Pittsburg	50	36	582
St. Louis	47	41	534
Boston	32	57	367
Brooklyn	32	59	352
Philadelphia	22	63	259

American League.

Boston 4, Cleveland 1.
New York 2, Detroit 1.
Chicago 5, Washington 1.
Philadelphia 9, St. Louis 3.

Games Today.

Washington at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
New York at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.

How They Stand.

Clubs.	Won	Lost	PC
Boston	54	33	621
Chicago	53	35	611
New York	51	34	600
Cleveland	47	37	560
Philadelphia	48	38	558
St. Louis	34	47	420
Detroit	31	51	400
Washington	18	66	214

DEATH OF AN INFANT.

This morning at 1 o'clock the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Albrecht, of 1206 west High street, passed away. Interment will be made tomorrow in the Sugar Creek cemetery, after a brief funeral service at the residence.

The Lima Dry Goods Co.

The Remnant Sale Continues All This Week,

....Or Until all are Sold.

The remarkable values offered during this sale are bringing hundreds of careful buyers to our counters.

Never have we witnessed more enthusiastic buying; thousands of remnants are here, many of them at less than one quarter their actual value.

The inventory just finished brought to light a very large accumulation of remnants, odd pieces and short lengths; these include all sorts of cotton goods ranging in value from 5c to 35c a yard.

These have been divided into two lots.

All remnants and short lengths on which the regular price is 10c and up to 35c, we have marked at

5c a yard.

All remnants and short lengths on which the regular price is 5, 6, 7 or 8c we have marked at

3c a yard.

Walking Skirts.

Have you been fortunate enough to get one of these walking skirts at **$3.98?**

These skirts are made from strictly all wool material in black, blue and brown, and cut in the most approved manner.

It is not possible to get a better garment than this for a five dollar bill and this week—(if all the week if they are picked up as rapidly as during the first two days) will see the greater portion of the 300 disposed of.

ALL

Is Not Smooth on Surface.

Democrats of

West Virginia Must Think State

Is Going Sure Democratic, for Many of Them Want on the Ticket.

Agitation Between Radicals and Conservatives Continues on White Supremacy Plank.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Aug. 3.—The democratic state convention here today did not meet under such harmonious conditions as had been anticipated, especially for minor places on the ticket. The delegates were all disposed to subordinate anything to the decision of Henry Davis in carrying his own state for the national ticket, but there were differences of opinion, "as to what was best for Davis," and as to how things should be done even after it was decided what was wanted. When importuned yesterday, former Senator Davis was reluctant about expressing his preferences for candidates. His closest friends were insisting that Judge Holt, of Huntington, would head the ticket. Meantime the friends of other candidates, notably Wm. R. Thompson, also of Huntington, were very active and a strong sentiment was created that "the best thing for Davis was 'harmony'" in that harmony would be assured by concessions from the Davis men. At the same time it was desired to have the governor from a different part of the state than that in which Davis resides. One of the first conferences at Davis' rooms was when a delegation headed by former Governor Mac Corkle called with Mr. Thompson. After this conference it was announced that Judge Holt would not stand for governor and that in the interest of harmony he would present the name of his fellow townsman Thompson.

There was then much commotion among the candidates for other places on the state ticket as the forces had been so lined up that there was a Thompson slate as well as a Holt slate. The agitation between the radicals and the conservatives continued today on the white supremacy plank.

The radicals were all wearing white badges bearing the words "White man's party," and insisted that the platform would be "White."

Former Senator Davis said he would not attend the afternoon session, but he might be present at the night session.

The wigwams seating capacity of 2700 was taken with standing room in demand when the convention was called to order by Colonel Thomas B Davis, a brother of the vice presidential candidate and chairman of the state committee who announced the following temporary organization. Chairman, Col. J. T. McGraw, of Grafman, Col. John T. McGraw, of Grafton; Secretary, W. L. Byrne, of Charleston; Sergeant at Arms, A. R. Gordon, of Wheeling; Assistant Sergeant at arms, Fred Carrie, of Charleston. McGraw was received with an ovation and spoke in part as follows.

If there existed no other reason for the success of the democratic party in the present campaign, than that presented by a patriotic selection between the candidates of the two parties, the result of the issue in the approaching election would be with the democratic party.

The record of President Roosevelt's administration is one of promises broken and covenants unfilled. Wm. McKinley cauterized the wounds of civil war, wiped out the last vestige of sectional hate and rancor, only to have them re-opened by Theodore Roosevelt, in breaking bread under the national roof with one whom God had not made as his social equal; in imposing upon southern people, men of like color as their public servants and political superiors, and in attempting by a plank in his party's platform to disfranchise southern representatives, and nullify southern votes in the electral college. Against this candidate, who had nothing in statesmanship, environment or disposition, in common with the dead president, and whose election would be a constant menace to the business interests of the country; a travesty upon the presidential office; and one whose strenuous temperment is better suited to a military disposition than to the conversative policies of a republican form of government, the democratic party presents to the country a candidate of judicial temperament, a typical American citizen of heroic mould and one who comes to us with a life filled with high ideals, and replete with civic virtues. The great conclave of the democratic party named as the uncrowned king of the democrats this conversative man—Alton Parker, of the state of New York; and for vice-president the first citizen of this commonwealth, our grand old young man, the greatest one of American politics—a lion of the fold of Judah—Henry G. Davis.

We are in favor of a government which attends to its own business at home, and does not terrorize weak republics with the swagger of a bully abroad; which does not prostitute public office to partisan ends, nor shield criminals, whether they be found among the favorites of a president in Cuba, or in a great department of the government at Washington.

We are in favor of the Monroe doctrine, as a cardinal tenet of our political faith, and we oppose a colonial empire, and we would extend to the Philippines the same liberty and governmental policy accorded to the Cuban patriots.

BIG AUTOMOBILE ARRIVES TODAY.

The "Red Devil" and "The Ghost" will arrive this evening and may be seen on exhibition on the public square Thursday evening. Do not fail to see the great 5 mile automobile race Friday, August 5, Lima Driving Club.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Messrs. Ramseyer and Willour, of the City Book Store, are visiting the moulding factories of Toledo and Cleveland for the purpose of replacing mouldings destroyed by fire.

Miss Pearl Schiff, of Broadway, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Chas. Kraft and other relatives and friends in Sidney.

Bert Stultz, of the West House, Sandusky, was in the city last night, en route to Van Wert, where his father was reported to be seriously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Dorsey, Miss Anna Dorsey, Miss Pyrle Fess, Miss Ella DeLong will leave this evening for St. Louis to attend the World's Fair.

Frank J. Schwartz and D. A. Dimond returned today from Port Huron and Put-in-Bay.

Miss Lenore Detwiler, of west Wayne street, is the guest of Miss Edna Gartley, in Sidney.

Ike Welsh and family have removed here from Bellefontaine, and are living at 223 west Haller street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Allen, of Chicago, are the guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Allen, of west Kibby street.

A. F. Combs and family, of 520 east Linden street, left yesterday for a visit of several weeks with relatives at New Hampshire.

Mrs. H. M. Rece, of Louisville, Ky., arrived today from Chicago, to make an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. E. C. Baird, of west Spring street.

Mrs. Blanche Wheeler, returned today from a visit of several weeks in Chicago.

Samuel W. Knisley, of west Market street, returned yesterday from a visit with his father at Bucyrus.

Miss Bonnie Meisse is the guest of friends in Sidney.

Mrs. Miriam Netzorg of west Wayne street, left today for a three or four week's visit in Indianapolis and Muncie.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kredel, of Springfield, O., are visiting Mr. Kredel's cousin, Mrs. Glen Wallace, of west High street.

Miss Bertha Bliss has gone to Cleveland, where she has a position as trimmer in a wholesale millinery house.

O. F. Ramsayer and Ed. Willour of the City Book Store, are visiting Cleveland and Toledo purchasing mouldings and other framing material to replace stock destryed by fire.

THE IDLER.

George Davis, of west Spring street, the well known oil producer, who was taken with a violent chill while overheated a few weeks ago, is in a very serious condition. All his nerves seem to be paralyzed and there are grave hopes for his recovery.

* * *

As usual, Al. G. Field will be among the early attractions after the opening of the opera house season. "Ingomar" will be given as the real opener.

* * *

Secretary of State Laylin, yesterday, on the recommendation of the county democratic and republican committees appointed R. B. Tolan, D., and Merle M. Langan, R., members of the Allen county board of elections.

* * *

Miss Nellie Fitzgibbons was hostess for a party of her young friends Tuesday afternoon, at McCullough lake. Games were played and afterwards a dainty lunch was enjoyed by all. The guests were Emma Sweeney, Madaline Sweeney, Anna Kinzer, Nellie Cox, Helen McComb, Helen Olinger, Clara Olinger, Rosa O'Connor, Blanche Daley, Kathleen McCarthy, Irene McNeef, Cathrine McNeef, Helen O'Connor, Cathrine Malley, Marie Malley, Margaret Curran, Helen Reed, Rhea McCaulley, Clara McCaulley, Mary Callaghen, Breta Carney, Ruth Runger. The chaperons were Misses Ila Vermillion and Edna Wilby.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

MICHAEL'S SWEEP SALE

Don't have any exaggeration or deception; they're straight.

Thousands of Lima People Know That.

UNDER

Bower of Smilax, Ferns and Daisies

Miss Edith Parham Last Night Plighted Her Troth to Mr. Frank Kelly.

Last evening, the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Parham, of west North street, was the scene of an extremely pretty wedding, when their only daughter Edith, was united in marriage to Mr. Frank Kelley.

A few minutes before nine o'clock, Miss Julia Weaver, of Kenton, sang "Because," and Miss Katherine Weaver, of Kenton, played the wedding march from "Lohengrin," which announced the approach of the bridal party. The bride on the arm of her father and the groom with Rev. J. M. Mills, the officiating clergyman, met in the large east windows of the sitting room, which had been made a perfect bower of palms, smilax, ferns and daisies beneath which Rev. Mills read the impressive ceremony that united these two young lives for better or for worse.

The bride wore a beautiful gown of white crepe de chine, made with innumerable tiny tucks which gave fullness to the skirt and bodice and carried a shower bouquet of white sweet peas.

The hearty congratulations which were extended were followed immediately by a wedding supper of three courses served by Marie DuGray and Lillian Parham, of Ft. Wayne.

The bride's table, in the dining room was beautifully decorated, a huge bunch of brides' roses occupying the center of the table and over the cloth were scattered ferns and sweet peas. Around the table, with the bride and groom were seated: Mr. and Mrs. Parham, parents of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. Sunley, parents of the groom, Julia and Parnell Kelley and Mrs. Sarah Horne, of Kenton. The other guests were seated at small tables placed through out the rooms, and each decorated with daisies.

When the bride cut the cake, Mr. Parnell Kelley received the ring, Miss Lettie Reed found the button, and the groom received the silver dime, which betokened for him his future fortune.

The bride distributed dainty little boxes which she had decorated with water-colors, each filled with wedding cake and tied with white satin ribbon.

At 1:55 they left for a two weeks honeymoon to be spent at Rome City. The bride wore a blue silk shirt waist suit with hat and gloves en suite, when they left amid a shower of rice and old shoes. Returning, their many friends will be delighted to know that they will be at home at 714 west North street.

Those from out of the city were Misses Katherine and Julia Weaver and Mrs. Sarah Horne, of Kenton; Charles and Lillian Parham and Miss Maud Gaskins, of Ft. Wayne and Miss Lillian Walsh, of Wapakoneta.

'VETERANS'

Of Lima Will Go After the Big Prize.

An effort is to be made by the Spanish War Veterans of Lima to win the $50 prize offered for the attendance of the largest delegation at the convention to be held at Wapakoneta on the 20th of this month. There will be a meeting tonight to talk over the matter and urge all who can to attend.

FELDMANN & CO.

You can make a daily visit to this store and profit by it every time. There are genuine bargains in every department.

Feldmann & Co

209-211 N. MAIN ST.

Headquarters for Hosiery, Underwear and Gloves.
Headquarters for Laces, Ribbons and Trimmings.
Headquarters for Infants' Wear.

TELL US YOUR EYE TROUBLES.

Weak Eyes. Are your eyes weak from sickness, overwork or eye strain? Whatever the cause, properly fitted glasses will help them.

Inflamed Eyes and granulated lids are often caused and always aggravated by defective eye sight.

Eye Strain, the one great cause of headache, nervousness and a multitude of disorders more or less remote from the eyes are frequently relieved by wearing proper glasses.

Cross Eyes are sometimes caused by an error of refraction and can often be made straight by wearing properly fitted glasses, especially if the patient is young.

We Fit Glasses to old and young without drugs. We are here all the time and are busy every day. We keep a record of every case.

Our Prices. We offer comfort and happiness at prices that are consistently reasonable. In fact we make it an inducement to learn our prices. They are not beyond your means.

Come to Our Office. We want every man, woman and child to know that they can come to our office for examination, tell us your trouble, and ask us any question about your case without cost and without obligating yourself to buy glasses. If, after examination, we find glasses will help you, we will furnish them. If glasses will do you no good we will be honest enough to tell you so. By so doing we deserve your confidence.

C. F. HUGHES, Oph. B. O. D. Optician.

Office open on Thursday and Saturday Nights.
Rooms 11-12 Deisel Block. LIMA, OHIO.

IMPORTANT TO YOU.

ON THURSDAY OF EACH WEEK (DURING THE DULL SEASON) I HAVE CONCLUDED TO INAUGURATE WHAT I SHALL CALL OUR COST MARK SALE DAY. THIS MEANS THAT EVERY ARTICLE IN MY GIGANTIC STORE WILL BE SOLD AT THE COST MARK. SALE COMMENCES TOMORROW, THURSDAY. THIS WILL BE A SNAP FOR THE PURCHASING PUBLIC.

CHAS. E. WILLIAMS,
WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE.

HUMANE

Society Will Hold Meeting Friday Evening.

The Humane Society will hold a meeting Friday evening at 7:30 at the office of Prophet and Eastman, in the Holmes block, and all officers and members are not nly invited but urged to be present.